

# Horace Walpole, *The Castle of Otranto*

*The Castle of Otranto* is often referred to as the first Gothic novel. Which is fair enough, so far as it goes; Walpole's novel did establish many key features of this genre, which has been popular with readers ever since *The Castle of Otranto* was first published on Christmas Eve, 1764. Like the Gothic novels, plays, stories, and films that followed it, *The Castle of Otranto* teases us by suggesting that the rules of the everyday world do not always apply, that sometimes only a supernatural explanation can account for everything we see. That idea—which goes against the grain of the assumption that the modern novel is all about realism—runs through books like Anne Radcliffe's *The Mysteries of Udolpho*, Mary Shelley's *Frankenstein*, Bram Stoker's *Dracula*, Stephanie Meyer's *Twilight* series and thousands more works of fiction, be they written as stories or novels, or filmed for cinema or television.

But of course Horace Walpole did not know that all of these works would follow from *The Castle of Otranto*; he was not setting out to found what would become the first fully-fledged sub-genre of the English novel. What did he think he was doing? One thing he was surely trying to do was to perpetrate a good hoax. When it was first published in 1764, *The Castle of Otranto* claimed to be a translation of an Italian manuscript from 1529 that was telling a story originally written hundreds of years before that. Walpole's original preface, written in the voice of the imaginary "William Marshall," the putative translator, claims that a sixteenth-century Italian printing of the book was found in a library in Naples, but that the story must have been in manuscript centuries earlier. That is an utter fabrication. But it was a good one; some of the book's first readers seem to have bought

the ruse at first (the reviewer for the *Monthly Review* complained at having been duped when Walpole's second preface, published in 1765, revealed his authorship and the fact that the book was a contemporary work of fiction.) Eighteenth-century readers often loved how the anonymity of print enabled hoaxes, and *The Castle of Otranto* joins works like *Gulliver's Travels* in exploiting the general desire that all readers have to believe that something quite fantastic is in fact true.

The two prefaces—the first, fake one by “Marshall” and the second one in the voice of the author himself—offer important clues to what Walpole thought were *The Castle of Otranto's* main innovations. Walpole wanted to combine some of the thrill of older “romances” with some of the historical specificity of modern fiction. And, most of all, he wanted to entertain his readers. The success of the book—which has never been out of print—and the medium it created—testify to Walpole's success.

We use the Project Gutenberg text of the first edition of the work, published in 1764. We have added Walpole's preface to the second edition, which revealed his authorship of the tale.



*Wm Cole 1765.*

T H E  
CASTLE of OTRANTO,  
A  
S T O R Y.

Translated by

WILLIAM MARSHAL, Gent.

From the Original ITALIAN of

ONUPHRIO MURALTO,

CANON of the Church of St. NICHOLAS

at OTRANTO.

*wrote by the hon<sup>ble</sup> Horace Walpole Esq.*

L O N D O N :

Printed for THO. LOWNDS in Fleet-Street.

MDCCLXV.

The title page to the first edition of *The Castle of Otranto*, published in 1764. It was not until the second edition that the book was identified as a "Gothic" story and that Walpole admitted that he was the author.

#### PREFACE TO THE FIRST EDITION.

The following work was found in the library of an ancient Catholic family in the north of England. It was printed at Naples, in the black letter, in the year 1529. How much sooner it was written does not appear. The principal incidents are such as were believed in the darkest ages of Christianity; but the language and conduct have nothing that savours of barbarism. The style is the purest Italian.

If the story was written near the time when it is supposed to have happened, it must have been between 1095, the era of the first Crusade, and 1243, the date of the last, or not long afterwards. There is no other circumstance in the work that can lead us to guess at the period in which the scene is laid: the names of the actors are evidently fictitious, and probably disguised on purpose: yet the Spanish names of the domestics seem to indicate that this work was not composed until the establishment of the Arragonian Kings in Naples had made Spanish appellations familiar in that country. The beauty of the diction, and the zeal of the author (moderated, however, by singular

judgment) concur  
to make me think that the date of the composition was little  
antecedent  
to that of the impression. Letters were then in their most  
flourishing  
state in Italy, and contributed to dispel the empire of  
superstition, at  
that time so forcibly attacked by the reformers. It is not  
unlikely that  
an artful priest might endeavour to turn their own arms on the  
innovators, and might avail himself of his abilities as an  
author to  
confirm the populace in their ancient errors and  
superstitions. If this  
was his view, he has certainly acted with signal address. Such  
a work as  
the following would enslave a hundred vulgar minds beyond half  
the books  
of controversy that have been written from the days of Luther  
to the  
present hour.

This solution of the author's motives is, however, offered as  
a mere  
conjecture. Whatever his views were, or whatever effects the  
execution  
of them might have, his work can only be laid before the  
public at  
present as a matter of entertainment. Even as such, some  
apology for it  
is necessary. Miracles, visions, necromancy, dreams, and other  
preternatural events, are exploded now even from romances.  
That was not  
the case when our author wrote; much less when the story  
itself is  
supposed to have happened. Belief in every kind of prodigy was  
so



established in those dark ages, that an author would not be faithful to the manners of the times, who should omit all mention of them. He is not bound to believe them himself, but he must represent his actors as believing them.

If this air of the miraculous is excused, the reader will find nothing else unworthy of his perusal. Allow the possibility of the facts, and all the actors comport themselves as persons would do in their situation.

There is no bombast, no similes, flowers, digressions, or unnecessary descriptions. Everything tends directly to the catastrophe. Never is the reader's attention relaxed. The rules of the drama are almost observed throughout the conduct of the piece. The characters are well drawn, and still better maintained. Terror, the author's principal engine, prevents the story from ever languishing; and it is so often contrasted by pity, that the mind is kept up in a constant vicissitude of interesting passions.

Some persons may perhaps think the characters of the domestics too little serious for the general cast of the story; but besides their opposition to the principal personages, the art of the author is very observable in his conduct of the subalterns. They discover many passages

essential to  
the story, which could not be well brought to light but by  
their  
\_naïveté\_ and simplicity. In particular, the womanish terror  
and foibles  
of Bianca, in the last chapter, conduce essentially towards  
advancing the  
catastrophe.

It is natural for a translator to be prejudiced in favour of  
his adopted  
work. More impartial readers may not be so much struck with  
the beauties  
of this piece as I was. Yet I am not blind to my author's  
defects. I  
could wish he had grounded his plan on a more useful moral  
than this:  
that "the sins of fathers are visited on their children to the  
third and  
fourth generation." I doubt whether, in his time, any more  
than at  
present, ambition curbed its appetite of dominion from the  
dread of so  
remote a punishment. And yet this moral is weakened by that  
less direct  
insinuation, that even such anathema may be diverted by  
devotion to St.  
Nicholas. Here the interest of the Monk plainly gets the  
better of the  
judgment of the author. However, with all its faults, I have  
no doubt  
but the English reader will be pleased with a sight of this  
performance.  
The piety that reigns throughout, the lessons of virtue that  
are  
inculcated, and the rigid purity of the sentiments, exempt  
this work from



the censure to which romances are but too liable. Should it meet with the success I hope for, I may be encouraged to reprint the original Italian, though it will tend to depreciate my own labour. Our language falls far short of the charms of the Italian, both for variety and harmony. The latter is peculiarly excellent for simple narrative. It is difficult in English to relate without falling too low or rising too high; a fault obviously occasioned by the little care taken to speak pure language in common conversation. Every Italian or Frenchman of any rank piques himself on speaking his own tongue correctly and with choice. I cannot flatter myself with having done justice to my author in this respect: his style is as elegant as his conduct of the passions is masterly. It is a pity that he did not apply his talents to what they were evidently proper for—the theatre.

I will detain the reader no longer, but to make one short remark. Though the machinery is invention, and the names of the actors imaginary, I cannot but believe that the groundwork of the story is founded on truth. The scene is undoubtedly laid in some real castle. The author seems frequently, without design, to describe particular parts. “The chamber,” says he, “on the right hand;” “the door on the left hand;”

“the distance from the chapel to Conrad’s apartment:” these and other passages are strong presumptions that the author had some certain building in his eye. Curious persons, who have leisure to employ in such researches, may possibly discover in the Italian writers the foundation on which our author has built. If a catastrophe, at all resembling that which he describes, is believed to have given rise to this work, it will contribute to interest the reader, and will make the “Castle of Otranto” a still more moving story.

Preface to the second edition (1765)

THE FAVOURABLE manner in which this little piece has been received by the public, calls upon the author to explain the grounds on which he composed it. But, before he opens those motives, it is fit that he should ask pardon of his readers for having offered his work to them under the borrowed personage of a translator. As diffidence of his own abilities and the novelty of the attempt, were the sole inducements to assume the disguise, he flatters himself he shall appear excusable. He resigned the performance to the impartial judgement of the public; determined to let it perish in obscurity, if disproved; nor meaning to avow such a trifle, unless better judges should pronounce that he might own it without blush.

It was an attempt to blend the two kinds of romance, the ancient and the modern. In the former, all was imagination and improbability: in the latter, nature is always intended to be, and sometimes has been, copied with success. Invention has not been wanting; but the great resources of fancy have been

dammed up, by a strict adherence to common life. But if, in the latter species, Nature has cramped imagination, she did but take her revenge, having been totally excluded from old romances. The actions, sentiments, and conversations, of the heroes and heroines of ancient days, were as unnatural as the machines employed to put them in motion.

The author of the following pages thought it possible to reconcile the two kinds. Desirous of leaving the powers of fancy at liberty to expatiate through the boundless realms of invention, and thence of creating more interesting situations, he wished to conduct the mortal agents in his drama according to the rules of probability; in short, to make them think, speak, and act, as it might be supposed mere men and women would do in extraordinary positions. He had observed, that, in all inspired writings, the personages under the dispensation of miracles, and witness to the most stupendous phenomena, never lose sight of their human character: whereas, in the productions of romantic story, an improbable event never fails to be attended by an absurd dialogue. The actors seem to lose their senses, the moment the laws of nature have lost their tone. As the public have applauded the attempt, the author must not say he was entirely unequal to the task he had undertaken: yet, if the new route he has struck out shall have paved a road for men of brighter talents, he shall own, with pleasure and modesty, that he was sensible the plan was capable of receiving greater embellishments than his imagination, or conduct of the passions, could bestow on it.

With regard to the deportment of the domestics, on which I have touched in the former preface, I will beg leave to add a few words.—The simplicity of their behaviour, almost tending to excite smiles, which, at first, seems not consonant to the serious cast of the work, appeared to me not only improper, but was marked designedly in that manner. My rule was nature. However grave, important, or even melancholy, the sensations of the princes and heroes may be, they do not stamp the same

affections on their domestics: at least the latter do not, or should not be made to, express their passions in the same dignified tone. In my humble opinion, the contrast between the sublime of the one and the naivete of the other, sets the pathetic of the former in a stronger light. The very impatience which a reader feels, while delayed, by the coarse pleasantries of vulgar actors, from arriving at the knowledge of the important catastrophe he expects, perhaps heightens, certainly proves that he has been artfully interested in, the depending event. But I had higher authority than my own opinion for this conduct. The great master of nature, SHAKESPEARE, was the model I copied. Let me ask, if his tragedies of *Hamlet* and *Julius Caesar* would not lose a considerable share of their spirit and wonderful beauties, if the humour of the gravediggers, the fooleries of Polonius, and the clumsy jests of the Roman citizens, were omitted, or vested in heroics? Is not the eloquence of Antony, the nobler and affectedly-unaffected oration of Brutus, artificially exalted by the rude bursts of nature from the mouths of their auditors? These touches remind one of the Grecian sculptor, who, to convey the idea of a Colossus, within the dimensions of a seal, inserted a little boy measuring his thumb.

“No,” says Voltaire, in his edition of Corneille, “this mixture of buffoonery and solemnity is intolerable.”—Voltaire is a genius— but not of Shakespeare’s magnitude. Without recurring to disputable authority, I appeal from Voltaire to himself. I shall not avail myself of his former encomiums on our mighty poet; though the French critic has twice translated the same speech in *Hamlet*, some years ago in admiration, latterly in derision; and I am sorry to find that his judgment grows weaker when it ought to be farther matured. But I shall make use of his own words, delivered on the general topic of the theatre, when he was neither thinking to recommend or decry Shakespeare’s practice; consequently, at a moment when Voltaire was impartial. In the preface to his *Enfant Prodigue*, that exquisite piece, of which I declare my admiration, and

which, should I live twenty years longer, I trust I shall never attempt to ridicule, he has these words, speaking of comedy (but equally applicable to tragedy, if tragedy is, as surely it ought to be, a picture of human life; nor can I conceive why occasional pleasantry ought more to be banished from the tragic scene than pathetic seriousness from the comic), *“On y voit un mélange de sérieux et de plaisanterie, de comique et de touchant; souvent même une seule aventure produit tous ces contrastes. Rien n’est si commun qu’une maison dans laquelle un père gronde, une fille occupée de sa passion pleure; le fils se moque des deux, et quelques parents prennent différemment part à la scène &c. Nous n’inférons pas de là que toute comédie doive avoir des scènes de bouffonnerie et des scènes attendrissantes: il y a beaucoup de très bonnes pièces où il ne règne que de la gaieté; d’autres toutes sérieuses; d’autres mélangées: d’autres où l’attendrissement va jusques aux larmes: il ne faut donner l’exclusion à aucun genre; et si on me demandoit, quel genre est le meilleur, je répondrais, celui qui est le mieux ”* traité. Surely if comedy may be toute sérieuse, tragedy may now and then, soberly, be indulged in a smile. Who shall proscribe it? Shall the critic, who, in self-defence, declares, that no kind ought to be excluded from comedy, give laws to Shakespeare?

I am aware that the preface from whence I have quoted these passages does not stand in Monsieur de Voltaire’s name, but in that of his editor; yet who doubts that the editor and the author were the same person? or where is the editor, who has so happily possessed himself of his author’s style, and brilliant ease of argument? These passages were indubitably the genuine sentiments of that great writer. In his epistle to Maffei, prefixed to his Mérope, he delivers almost the same opinion, though, I doubt, with a little irony. I will repeat his words, and then give my reason for quoting them. After translating a passage in Maffei’s Mérope, Monsieur de Voltaire adds, *“Tous ces traits sont naïfs; tout y est convenable à ceux que vous introduisez sur la scène, et aux moeurs que vous*

*leur donnez. Ces familiarités naturelles eussent été, à ce que je crois, bien reçues dans Athènes; mais Paris et notre parterre veulent une autre espèce de simplicité.*“ I doubt, I say, whether there is not a grain of sneer in this and other passages of that epistle; yet the force of truth is not damaged by being tinged with ridicule. Maffei was to represent a Grecian story: surely the Athenians were as competent judges of Grecian manners, and of the propriety of introducing them, as the parterre of Paris. “On the contrary,” says Voltaire (and I cannot but admire his reasoning), “there were but ten thousand citizens at Athens and Paris has near eight hundred thousand inhabitants, among whom one may reckon thirty thousand judges of dramatic works.”—indeed!—but allowing so numerous a tribunal, I believe this is the only instance in which it was ever pretended that thirty thousand persons, living near two thousand years after the era in question, were, upon the mere face of the poll, declared better judges than the Grecians themselves, of what ought to be the manners of a tragedy written on a Grecian story.

I will not enter into a discussion of the espèce de simplicité, which the parterre of Paris demands, nor of the shackles with which the thirty thousand judges have cramped their poetry, the chief merit of which, as I gather from repeated passages in the New Commentary on Corneille, consists in vaulting in spite of those fetters; a merit which, if true, would reduce poetry from the lofty effort of imagination, to a puerile and most contemptible labour—difficiles nugae [hard doggerel] with witness! I cannot, however, help mentioning a couplet, which, to my English ears, always sounded as the flattest and most trifling instance of circumstantial propriety, but which Voltaire, who has dealt so severely with nine parts in ten of Corneille’s works, has singled out to defend in Racine;

*De son appartement cette porte est prochaine  
Et cette autre conduit dans celui de la Reine.*

IN ENGLISH

To Caesar's closet through this door you come.  
And t'other leads to the Queen's drawing-room.

Unhappy Shakespeare! hadst thou made Rosencrantz inform his compeer, Guildenstern, of the iconography of the palace of Copenhagen, instead of presenting us with a moral dialogue between the Prince of Denmark and the gravedigger, the illuminated pit of Paris would have been instructed *a second time* to adore thy talents.

The result of all I have said, is, to shelter my own daring under the canon of the brightest genius this country, at least, has produced. I might have pleaded that, having created a new species of romance, I was at liberty to lay down what rules I thought fit for the conduct of it: but I should be more proud of having imitated, however faintly, weakly, and at a distance, so masterly a pattern, than to enjoy the entire merit of invention, unless I could have marked my work with genius, as well as with originality. Such as it is, the public have honoured it sufficiently, whatever rank their suffrages allot to it.

SONNET TO THE RIGHT HONOURABLE LADY MARY COKE.

The gentle maid, whose hapless tale  
These melancholy pages speak;  
Say, gracious lady, shall she fail  
To draw the tear adown thy cheek?

No; never was thy pitying breast  
Insensible to human woes;  
Tender, tho' firm, it melts distress  
For weaknesses it never knows.

Oh! guard the marvels I relate  
Of fell ambition scourg'd by fate,  
From reason's peevish blame.  
Blest with thy smile, my dauntless sail



I dare expand to Fancy's gale,  
For sure thy smiles are Fame.

H. W.

## CHAPTER I.

Manfred, Prince of Otranto, had one son and one daughter: the latter, a most beautiful virgin, aged eighteen, was called Matilda. Conrad, the son, was three years younger, a homely youth, sickly, and of no promising disposition; yet he was the darling of his father, who never showed any symptoms of affection to Matilda. Manfred had contracted a marriage for his son with the Marquis of Vicenza's daughter, Isabella; and she had already been delivered by her guardians into the hands of Manfred, that he might celebrate the wedding as soon as Conrad's infirm state of health would permit.

Manfred's impatience for this ceremonial was remarked by his family and neighbours. The former, indeed, apprehending the severity of their Prince's disposition, did not dare to utter their surmises on this precipitation. Hippolita, his wife, an amiable lady, did sometimes venture to represent the danger of marrying their only son so early, considering his great youth, and greater infirmities; but she never received any other answer than reflections on her own

sterility, who had given him but one heir. His tenants and subjects were less cautious in their discourses. They attributed this hasty wedding to the Prince's dread of seeing accomplished an ancient prophecy, which was said to have pronounced that the castle and lordship of Otranto "should pass from the present family, whenever the real owner should be grown too large to inhabit it." It was difficult to make any sense of this prophecy; and still less easy to conceive what it had to do with the marriage in question. Yet these mysteries, or contradictions, did not make the populace adhere the less to their opinion.

Young Conrad's birthday was fixed for his espousals. The company was assembled in the chapel of the Castle, and everything ready for beginning the divine office, when Conrad himself was missing. Manfred, impatient of the least delay, and who had not observed his son retire, despatched one of his attendants to summon the young Prince. The servant, who had not stayed long enough to have crossed the court to Conrad's apartment, came running back breathless, in a frantic manner, his eyes staring, and foaming at the mouth. He said nothing, but pointed to the court.

The company were struck with terror and amazement. The

Princess

Hippolita, without knowing what was the matter, but anxious for her son,

swooned away. Manfred, less apprehensive than enraged at the procrastination of the nuptials, and at the folly of his domestic, asked

imperiously what was the matter? The fellow made no answer, but

continued pointing towards the courtyard; and at last, after repeated

questions put to him, cried out, "Oh! the helmet! the helmet!"

In the meantime, some of the company had run into the court, from whence

was heard a confused noise of shrieks, horror, and surprise. Manfred,

who began to be alarmed at not seeing his son, went himself to get

information of what occasioned this strange confusion. Matilda remained

endeavouring to assist her mother, and Isabella stayed for the same

purpose, and to avoid showing any impatience for the bridegroom, for

whom, in truth, she had conceived little affection.

The first thing that struck Manfred's eyes was a group of his servants

endeavouring to raise something that appeared to him a mountain of sable

plumes. He gazed without believing his sight.

"What are ye doing?" cried Manfred, wrathfully; "where is my son?"

A volley of voices replied, "Oh! my Lord! the Prince! the Prince! the

helmet! the helmet!"

Shocked with these lamentable sounds, and dreading he knew not what, he advanced hastily,—but what a sight for a father's eyes!—he beheld his child dashed to pieces, and almost buried under an enormous helmet, an hundred times more large than any casque ever made for human being, and shaded with a proportionable quantity of black feathers.

The horror of the spectacle, the ignorance of all around how this misfortune had happened, and above all, the tremendous phenomenon before him, took away the Prince's speech. Yet his silence lasted longer than even grief could occasion. He fixed his eyes on what he wished in vain to believe a vision; and seemed less attentive to his loss, than buried in meditation on the stupendous object that had occasioned it. He touched, he examined the fatal casque; nor could even the bleeding mangled remains of the young Prince divert the eyes of Manfred from the portent before him.

All who had known his partial fondness for young Conrad, were as much surprised at their Prince's insensibility, as thunderstruck themselves at the miracle of the helmet. They conveyed the disfigured corpse into the hall, without receiving the least direction from Manfred. As little was he attentive to the ladies who remained in the chapel. On the

contrary,  
without mentioning the unhappy princesses, his wife and  
daughter, the  
first sounds that dropped from Manfred's lips were, "Take care  
of the  
Lady Isabella."

The domestics, without observing the singularity of this  
direction, were  
guided by their affection to their mistress, to consider it as  
peculiarly  
addressed to her situation, and flew to her assistance. They  
conveyed  
her to her chamber more dead than alive, and indifferent to  
all the  
strange circumstances she heard, except the death of her son.

Matilda, who doted on her mother, smothered her own grief and  
amazement,  
and thought of nothing but assisting and comforting her  
afflicted parent.

Isabella, who had been treated by Hippolita like a daughter,  
and who  
returned that tenderness with equal duty and affection, was  
scarce less  
assiduous about the Princess; at the same time endeavouring to  
partake  
and lessen the weight of sorrow which she saw Matilda strove  
to suppress,  
for whom she had conceived the warmest sympathy of friendship.  
Yet her  
own situation could not help finding its place in her  
thoughts. She felt  
no concern for the death of young Conrad, except  
commiseration; and she  
was not sorry to be delivered from a marriage which had  
promised her

little felicity, either from her destined bridegroom, or from the severe temper of Manfred, who, though he had distinguished her by great indulgence, had imprinted her mind with terror, from his causeless rigour to such amiable princesses as Hippolita and Matilda.

While the ladies were conveying the wretched mother to her bed, Manfred remained in the court, gazing on the ominous casque, and regardless of the crowd which the strangeness of the event had now assembled around him. The few words he articulated, tended solely to inquiries, whether any man knew from whence it could have come? Nobody could give him the least information. However, as it seemed to be the sole object of his curiosity, it soon became so to the rest of the spectators, whose conjectures were as absurd and improbable, as the catastrophe itself was unprecedented. In the midst of their senseless guesses, a young peasant, whom rumour had drawn thither from a neighbouring village, observed that the miraculous helmet was exactly like that on the figure in black marble of Alfonso the Good, one of their former princes, in the church of St. Nicholas.

“Villain! What sayest thou?” cried Manfred, starting from his trance in a tempest of rage, and seizing the young man by the collar;

“how darest  
thou utter such treason? Thy life shall pay for it.”

The spectators, who as little comprehended the cause of the Prince's fury as all the rest they had seen, were at a loss to unravel this new circumstance. The young peasant himself was still more astonished, not conceiving how he had offended the Prince. Yet recollecting himself, with a mixture of grace and humility, he disengaged himself from Manfred's grip, and then with an obeisance, which discovered more jealousy of innocence than dismay, he asked, with respect, of what he was guilty? Manfred, more enraged at the vigour, however decently exerted, with which the young man had shaken off his hold, than appeased by his submission, ordered his attendants to seize him, and, if he had not been withheld by his friends whom he had invited to the nuptials, would have poignarded the peasant in their arms.

During this altercation, some of the vulgar spectators had run to the great church, which stood near the castle, and came back open-mouthed, declaring that the helmet was missing from Alfonso's statue. Manfred, at this news, grew perfectly frantic; and, as if he sought a subject on which to vent the tempest within him, he rushed again on the young



peasant, crying—

“Villain! Monster! Sorcerer! 'tis thou hast done this! 'tis  
thou hast  
slain my son!”

The mob, who wanted some object within the scope of their  
capacities, on  
whom they might discharge their bewildered reasoning, caught  
the words  
from the mouth of their lord, and re-echoed—

“Ay, ay; 'tis he, 'tis he: he has stolen the helmet from good  
Alfonso's  
tomb, and dashed out the brains of our young Prince with it,”  
never  
reflecting how enormous the disproportion was between the  
marble helmet  
that had been in the church, and that of steel before their  
eyes; nor how  
impossible it was for a youth seemingly not twenty, to wield a  
piece of  
armour of so prodigious a weight.

The folly of these ejaculations brought Manfred to himself:  
yet whether  
provoked at the peasant having observed the resemblance  
between the two  
helmets, and thereby led to the farther discovery of the  
absence of that  
in the church, or wishing to bury any such rumour under so  
impertinent a  
supposition, he gravely pronounced that the young man was  
certainly a  
necromancer, and that till the Church could take cognisance of  
the  
affair, he would have the Magician, whom they had thus  
detected, kept

prisoner under the helmet itself, which he ordered his attendants to raise, and place the young man under it; declaring he should be kept there without food, with which his own infernal art might furnish him.

It was in vain for the youth to represent against this preposterous sentence: in vain did Manfred's friends endeavour to divert him from this savage and ill-grounded resolution. The generality were charmed with their lord's decision, which, to their apprehensions, carried great appearance of justice, as the Magician was to be punished by the very instrument with which he had offended: nor were they struck with the least compunction at the probability of the youth being starved, for they firmly believed that, by his diabolic skill, he could easily supply himself with nutriment.

Manfred thus saw his commands even cheerfully obeyed; and appointing a guard with strict orders to prevent any food being conveyed to the prisoner, he dismissed his friends and attendants, and retired to his own chamber, after locking the gates of the castle, in which he suffered none but his domestics to remain.

In the meantime, the care and zeal of the young Ladies had brought the Princess Hippolita to herself, who amidst the transports of

her own  
sorrow frequently demanded news of her lord, would have  
dismissed her  
attendants to watch over him, and at last enjoined Matilda to  
leave her,  
and visit and comfort her father. Matilda, who wanted no  
affectionate  
duty to Manfred, though she trembled at his austerity, obeyed  
the orders  
of Hippolita, whom she tenderly recommended to Isabella; and  
inquiring of  
the domestics for her father, was informed that he was retired  
to his  
chamber, and had commanded that nobody should have admittance  
to him.  
Concluding that he was immersed in sorrow for the death of her  
brother,  
and fearing to renew his tears by the sight of his sole  
remaining child,  
she hesitated whether she should break in upon his affliction;  
yet  
solicitude for him, backed by the commands of her mother,  
encouraged her  
to venture disobeying the orders he had given; a fault she had  
never been  
guilty of before.

The gentle timidity of her nature made her pause for some  
minutes at his  
door. She heard him traverse his chamber backwards, and  
forwards with  
disordered steps; a mood which increased her apprehensions.  
She was,  
however, just going to beg admittance, when Manfred suddenly  
opened the  
door; and as it was now twilight, concurring with the disorder  
of his

mind, he did not distinguish the person, but asked angrily, who it was?

Matilda replied, trembling—

“My dearest father, it is I, your daughter.”

Manfred, stepping back hastily, cried, “Begone! I do not want a daughter;” and flinging back abruptly, clapped the door against the terrified Matilda.

She was too well acquainted with her father’s impetuosity to venture a second intrusion. When she had a little recovered the shock of so bitter a reception, she wiped away her tears to prevent the additional stab that the knowledge of it would give to Hippolita, who questioned her in the most anxious terms on the health of Manfred, and how he bore his loss.

Matilda assured her he was well, and supported his misfortune with manly fortitude.

“But will he not let me see him?” said Hippolita mournfully; “will he not permit me to blend my tears with his, and shed a mother’s sorrows in the bosom of her Lord? Or do you deceive me, Matilda? I know how Manfred doted on his son: is not the stroke too heavy for him? has he not sunk under it? You do not answer me—alas! I dread the worst!—Raise me, my maidens; I will, I will see my Lord. Bear me to him instantly: he is

dearer to me even than my children."

Matilda made signs to Isabella to prevent Hippolita's rising;  
and both  
those lovely young women were using their gentle violence to  
stop and  
calm the Princess, when a servant, on the part of Manfred,  
arrived and  
told Isabella that his Lord demanded to speak with her.

"With me!" cried Isabella.

"Go," said Hippolita, relieved by a message from her Lord:  
"Manfred  
cannot support the sight of his own family. He thinks you less  
disordered than we are, and dreads the shock of my grief.  
Console him,  
dear Isabella, and tell him I will smother my own anguish  
rather than add  
to his."

As it was now evening the servant who conducted Isabella bore  
a torch  
before her. When they came to Manfred, who was walking  
impatiently about  
the gallery, he started, and said hastily—

"Take away that light, and begone."

Then shutting the door impetuously, he flung himself upon a  
bench against  
the wall, and bade Isabella sit by him. She obeyed trembling.

"I sent for you, Lady," said he—and then stopped under great  
appearance  
of confusion.

"My Lord!"

"Yes, I sent for you on a matter of great moment," resumed he.

“Dry your  
tears, young Lady—you have lost your bridegroom. Yes, cruel  
fate! and I  
have lost the hopes of my race! But Conrad was not worthy of  
your  
beauty.”

“How, my Lord!” said Isabella; “sure you do not suspect me of  
not feeling  
the concern I ought: my duty and affection would have always—”

“Think no more of him,” interrupted Manfred; “he was a sickly,  
puny  
child, and Heaven has perhaps taken him away, that I might not  
trust the  
honours of my house on so frail a foundation. The line of  
Manfred calls  
for numerous supports. My foolish fondness for that boy  
blinded the eyes  
of my prudence—but it is better as it is. I hope, in a few  
years, to  
have reason to rejoice at the death of Conrad.”

Words cannot paint the astonishment of Isabella. At first she  
apprehended that grief had disordered Manfred’s understanding.  
Her next  
thought suggested that this strange discourse was designed to  
ensnare  
her: she feared that Manfred had perceived her indifference  
for his son:  
and in consequence of that idea she replied—

“Good my Lord, do not doubt my tenderness: my heart would have  
accompanied my hand. Conrad would have engrossed all my care;  
and  
wherever fate shall dispose of me, I shall always cherish his  
memory, and  
regard your Highness and the virtuous Hippolita as my

parents.”

“Curse on Hippolita!” cried Manfred. “Forget her from this moment, as I do. In short, Lady, you have missed a husband undeserving of your charms: they shall now be better disposed of. Instead of a sickly boy, you shall have a husband in the prime of his age, who will know how to value your beauties, and who may expect a numerous offspring.”

“Alas, my Lord!” said Isabella, “my mind is too sadly engrossed by the recent catastrophe in your family to think of another marriage. If ever my father returns, and it shall be his pleasure, I shall obey, as I did when I consented to give my hand to your son: but until his return, permit me to remain under your hospitable roof, and employ the melancholy hours in assuaging yours, Hippolita’s, and the fair Matilda’s affliction.”

“I desired you once before,” said Manfred angrily, “not to name that woman: from this hour she must be a stranger to you, as she must be to me. In short, Isabella, since I cannot give you my son, I offer you myself.”

“Heavens!” cried Isabella, waking from her delusion, “what do I hear? You! my Lord! You! My father-in-law! the father of Conrad! the husband of the virtuous and tender Hippolita!”



“I tell you,” said Manfred imperiously, “Hippolita is no longer my wife;  
I divorce her from this hour. Too long has she cursed me by her  
unfruitfulness. My fate depends on having sons, and this night  
I trust  
will give a new date to my hopes.”

At those words he seized the cold hand of Isabella, who was half dead  
with fright and horror. She shrieked, and started from him, Manfred rose  
to pursue her, when the moon, which was now up, and gleamed in  
at the  
opposite casement, presented to his sight the plumes of the fatal helmet,  
which rose to the height of the windows, waving backwards and forwards in  
a tempestuous manner, and accompanied with a hollow and rustling sound.  
Isabella, who gathered courage from her situation, and who dreaded  
nothing so much as Manfred’s pursuit of his declaration, cried—

“Look, my Lord! see, Heaven itself declares against your impious intentions!”

“Heaven nor Hell shall impede my designs,” said Manfred, advancing again  
to seize the Princess.

At that instant the portrait of his grandfather, which hung over the  
bench where they had been sitting, uttered a deep sigh, and heaved its  
breast.

Isabella, whose back was turned to the picture, saw not the motion, nor knew whence the sound came, but started, and said—

“Hark, my Lord! What sound was that?” and at the same time made towards the door.

Manfred, distracted between the flight of Isabella, who had now reached the stairs, and yet unable to keep his eyes from the picture, which began to move, had, however, advanced some steps after her, still looking backwards on the portrait, when he saw it quit its panel, and descend on the floor with a grave and melancholy air.

“Do I dream?” cried Manfred, returning; “or are the devils themselves in league against me? Speak, internal spectre! Or, if thou art my grandsire, why dost thou too conspire against thy wretched descendant, who too dearly pays for—” Ere he could finish the sentence, the vision sighed again, and made a sign to Manfred to follow him.

“Lead on!” cried Manfred; “I will follow thee to the gulf of perdition.”

The spectre marched sedately, but dejected, to the end of the gallery, and turned into a chamber on the right hand. Manfred accompanied him at a little distance, full of anxiety and horror, but resolved. As he would have entered the chamber, the door was clapped to with violence by an

invisible hand. The Prince, collecting courage from this delay, would have forcibly burst open the door with his foot, but found that it resisted his utmost efforts.

“Since Hell will not satisfy my curiosity,” said Manfred, “I will use the human means in my power for preserving my race; Isabella shall not escape me.”

The lady, whose resolution had given way to terror the moment she had quitted Manfred, continued her flight to the bottom of the principal staircase. There she stopped, not knowing whither to direct her steps, nor how to escape from the impetuosity of the Prince. The gates of the castle, she knew, were locked, and guards placed in the court. Should she, as her heart prompted her, go and prepare Hippolita for the cruel destiny that awaited her, she did not doubt but Manfred would seek her there, and that his violence would incite him to double the injury he meditated, without leaving room for them to avoid the impetuosity of his passions. Delay might give him time to reflect on the horrid measures he had conceived, or produce some circumstance in her favour, if she could—for that night, at least—avoid his odious purpose. Yet where conceal herself? How avoid the pursuit he would infallibly

make  
throughout the castle?

As these thoughts passed rapidly through her mind, she recollected a subterraneous passage which led from the vaults of the castle to the church of St. Nicholas. Could she reach the altar before she was overtaken, she knew even Manfred's violence would not dare to profane the sacredness of the place; and she determined, if no other means of deliverance offered, to shut herself up for ever among the holy virgins whose convent was contiguous to the cathedral. In this resolution, she seized a lamp that burned at the foot of the staircase, and hurried towards the secret passage.

The lower part of the castle was hollowed into several intricate cloisters; and it was not easy for one under so much anxiety to find the door that opened into the cavern. An awful silence reigned throughout those subterraneous regions, except now and then some blasts of wind that shook the doors she had passed, and which, grating on the rusty hinges, were re-echoed through that long labyrinth of darkness. Every murmur struck her with new terror; yet more she dreaded to hear the wrathful voice of Manfred urging his domestics to pursue her.

She trod as softly as impatience would give her leave, yet

frequently  
stopped and listened to hear if she was followed. In one of  
those  
moments she thought she heard a sigh. She shuddered, and  
recoiled a few  
paces. In a moment she thought she heard the step of some  
person. Her  
blood curdled; she concluded it was Manfred. Every suggestion  
that  
horror could inspire rushed into her mind. She condemned her  
rash  
flight, which had thus exposed her to his rage in a place  
where her cries  
were not likely to draw anybody to her assistance. Yet the  
sound seemed  
not to come from behind. If Manfred knew where she was, he  
must have  
followed her. She was still in one of the cloisters, and the  
steps she  
had heard were too distinct to proceed from the way she had  
come.  
Cheered with this reflection, and hoping to find a friend in  
whoever was  
not the Prince, she was going to advance, when a door that  
stood ajar, at  
some distance to the left, was opened gently: but ere her  
lamp, which she  
held up, could discover who opened it, the person retreated  
precipitately  
on seeing the light.

Isabella, whom every incident was sufficient to dismay,  
hesitated whether  
she should proceed. Her dread of Manfred soon outweighed every  
other  
terror. The very circumstance of the person avoiding her gave  
her a sort

of courage. It could only be, she thought, some domestic belonging to the castle. Her gentleness had never raised her an enemy, and conscious innocence made her hope that, unless sent by the Prince's order to seek her, his servants would rather assist than prevent her flight. Fortifying herself with these reflections, and believing by what she could observe that she was near the mouth of the subterraneous cavern, she approached the door that had been opened; but a sudden gust of wind that met her at the door extinguished her lamp, and left her in total darkness.

Words cannot paint the horror of the Princess's situation. Alone in so dismal a place, her mind imprinted with all the terrible events of the day, hopeless of escaping, expecting every moment the arrival of Manfred, and far from tranquil on knowing she was within reach of somebody, she knew not whom, who for some cause seemed concealed thereabouts; all these thoughts crowded on her distracted mind, and she was ready to sink under her apprehensions. She addressed herself to every saint in heaven, and inwardly implored their assistance. For a considerable time she remained in an agony of despair.

At last, as softly as was possible, she felt for the door, and having

found it, entered trembling into the vault from whence she had heard the sigh and steps. It gave her a kind of momentary joy to perceive an imperfect ray of clouded moonshine gleam from the roof of the vault, which seemed to be fallen in, and from whence hung a fragment of earth or building, she could not distinguish which, that appeared to have been crushed inwards. She advanced eagerly towards this chasm, when she discerned a human form standing close against the wall.

She shrieked, believing it the ghost of her betrothed Conrad. The figure, advancing, said, in a submissive voice—

“Be not alarmed, Lady; I will not injure you.”

Isabella, a little encouraged by the words and tone of voice of the stranger, and recollecting that this must be the person who had opened the door, recovered her spirits enough to reply—

“Sir, whoever you are, take pity on a wretched Princess, standing on the brink of destruction. Assist me to escape from this fatal castle, or in a few moments I may be made miserable for ever.”

“Alas!” said the stranger, “what can I do to assist you? I will die in your defence; but I am unacquainted with the castle, and want—”

“Oh!” said Isabella, hastily interrupting him; “help me but to find a

trap-door that must be hereabout, and it is the greatest service you can do me, for I have not a minute to lose.”

Saying a these words, she felt about on the pavement, and directed the stranger to search likewise, for a smooth piece of brass enclosed in one of the stones.

“That,” said she, “is the lock, which opens with a spring, of which I know the secret. If we can find that, I may escape—if not, alas! courteous stranger, I fear I shall have involved you in my misfortunes: Manfred will suspect you for the accomplice of my flight, and you will fall a victim to his resentment.”

“I value not my life,” said the stranger, “and it will be some comfort to lose it in trying to deliver you from his tyranny.”

“Generous youth,” said Isabella, “how shall I ever requite—”

As she uttered those words, a ray of moonshine, streaming through a cranny of the ruin above, shone directly on the lock they sought.

“Oh! transport!” said Isabella; “here is the trap-door!” and, taking out the key, she touched the spring, which, starting aside, discovered an iron ring. “Lift up the door,” said the Princess.

The stranger obeyed, and beneath appeared some stone steps descending



into a vault totally dark.

“We must go down here,” said Isabella. “Follow me; dark and dismal as it is, we cannot miss our way; it leads directly to the church of St.

Nicholas. But, perhaps,” added the Princess modestly, “you have no

reason to leave the castle, nor have I farther occasion for your service;

in a few minutes I shall be safe from Manfred’s rage—only let me know to

whom I am so much obliged.”

“I will never quit you,” said the stranger eagerly, “until I have placed

you in safety—nor think me, Princess, more generous than I am; though you

are my principal care—”

The stranger was interrupted by a sudden noise of voices that seemed

approaching, and they soon distinguished these words—

“Talk not to me of necromancers; I tell you she must be in the castle; I

will find her in spite of enchantment.”

“Oh, heavens!” cried Isabella; “it is the voice of Manfred! Make haste,

or we are ruined! and shut the trap-door after you.”

Saying this, she descended the steps precipitately; and as the stranger

hastened to follow her, he let the door slip out of his hands: it fell,

and the spring closed over it. He tried in vain to open it, not having

observed Isabella’s method of touching the spring; nor had he

many

moments to make an essay. The noise of the falling door had been heard

by Manfred, who, directed by the sound, hastened thither, attended by his servants with torches.

“It must be Isabella,” cried Manfred, before he entered the vault. “She is escaping by the subterraneous passage, but she cannot have got far.”

What was the astonishment of the Prince when, instead of Isabella, the light of the torches discovered to him the young peasant whom he thought confined under the fatal helmet!

“Traitor!” said Manfred; “how camest thou here? I thought thee in durance above in the court.”

“I am no traitor,” replied the young man boldly, “nor am I answerable for your thoughts.”

“Presumptuous villain!” cried Manfred; “dost thou provoke my wrath? Tell me, how hast thou escaped from above? Thou hast corrupted thy guards, and their lives shall answer it.”

“My poverty,” said the peasant calmly, “will disculpate them: though the ministers of a tyrant’s wrath, to thee they are faithful, and but too willing to execute the orders which you unjustly imposed upon them.”

“Art thou so hardy as to dare my vengeance?” said the Prince;  
“but  
tortures shall force the truth from thee. Tell me; I will know  
thy  
accomplices.”

“There was my accomplice!” said the youth, smiling, and  
pointing to the  
roof.

Manfred ordered the torches to be held up, and perceived that  
one of the  
cheeks of the enchanted casque had forced its way through the  
pavement of  
the court, as his servants had let it fall over the peasant,  
and had  
broken through into the vault, leaving a gap, through which  
the peasant  
had pressed himself some minutes before he was found by  
Isabella.

“Was that the way by which thou didst descend?” said Manfred.

“It was,” said the youth.

“But what noise was that,” said Manfred, “which I heard as I  
entered the  
cloister?”

“A door clapped,” said the peasant; “I heard it as well as  
you.”

“What door?” said Manfred hastily.

“I am not acquainted with your castle,” said the peasant;  
“this is the  
first time I ever entered it, and this vault the only part of  
it within  
which I ever was.”

“But I tell thee,” said Manfred (wishing to find out if the youth had discovered the trap-door), “it was this way I heard the noise. My servants heard it too.”

“My Lord,” interrupted one of them officiously, “to be sure it was the trap-door, and he was going to make his escape.”

“Peace, blockhead!” said the Prince angrily; “if he was going to escape, how should he come on this side? I will know from his own mouth what noise it was I heard. Tell me truly; thy life depends on thy veracity.”

“My veracity is dearer to me than my life,” said the peasant; “nor would I purchase the one by forfeiting the other.”

“Indeed, young philosopher!” said Manfred contemptuously; “tell me, then, what was the noise I heard?”

“Ask me what I can answer,” said he, “and put me to death instantly if I tell you a lie.”

Manfred, growing impatient at the steady valour and indifference of the youth, cried—

“Well, then, thou man of truth, answer! Was it the fall of the trap-door that I heard?”

“It was,” said the youth.

“It was!” said the Prince; “and how didst thou come to know

there was a  
trap-door here?"

"I saw the plate of brass by a gleam of moonshine," replied he.

"But what told thee it was a lock?" said Manfred. "How didst thou  
discover the secret of opening it?"

"Providence, that delivered me from the helmet, was able to  
direct me to  
the spring of a lock," said he.

"Providence should have gone a little farther, and have placed  
thee out  
of the reach of my resentment," said Manfred. "When Providence  
had  
taught thee to open the lock, it abandoned thee for a fool,  
who did not  
know how to make use of its favours. Why didst thou not pursue  
the path  
pointed out for thy escape? Why didst thou shut the trap-door  
before  
thou hadst descended the steps?"

"I might ask you, my Lord," said the peasant, "how I, totally  
unacquainted with your castle, was to know that those steps  
led to any  
outlet? but I scorn to evade your questions. Wherever those  
steps lead  
to, perhaps I should have explored the way—I could not be in a  
worse  
situation than I was. But the truth is, I let the trap-door  
fall: your  
immediate arrival followed. I had given the alarm—what  
imported it to me  
whether I was seized a minute sooner or a minute later?"

“Thou art a resolute villain for thy years,” said Manfred; “yet on reflection I suspect thou dost but trifle with me. Thou hast not yet told me how thou didst open the lock.”

“That I will show you, my Lord,” said the peasant; and, taking up a fragment of stone that had fallen from above, he laid himself on the trap-door, and began to beat on the piece of brass that covered it, meaning to gain time for the escape of the Princess. This presence of mind, joined to the frankness of the youth, staggered Manfred. He even felt a disposition towards pardoning one who had been guilty of no crime. Manfred was not one of those savage tyrants who wanton in cruelty unprovoked. The circumstances of his fortune had given an asperity to his temper, which was naturally humane; and his virtues were always ready to operate, when his passions did not obscure his reason.

While the Prince was in this suspense, a confused noise of voices echoed through the distant vaults. As the sound approached, he distinguished the clamours of some of his domestics, whom he had dispersed through the castle in search of Isabella, calling out—

“Where is my Lord? where is the Prince?”

“Here I am,” said Manfred, as they came nearer; “have you found the

Princess?"

The first that arrived, replied, "Oh, my Lord! I am glad we have found you."

"Found me!" said Manfred; "have you found the Princess?"

"We thought we had, my Lord," said the fellow, looking terrified, "but—"

"But, what?" cried the Prince; "has she escaped?"

"Jaquez and I, my Lord—"

"Yes, I and Diego," interrupted the second, who came up in still greater consternation.

"Speak one of you at a time," said Manfred; "I ask you, where is the Princess?"

"We do not know," said they both together; "but we are frightened out of our wits."

"So I think, blockheads," said Manfred; "what is it has scared you thus?"

"Oh! my Lord," said Jaquez, "Diego has seen such a sight! your Highness would not believe our eyes."

"What new absurdity is this?" cried Manfred; "give me a direct answer, or, by Heaven—"

"Why, my Lord, if it please your Highness to hear me," said the poor fellow, "Diego and I—"

“Yes, I and Jaquez—” cried his comrade.

“Did not I forbid you to speak both at a time?” said the Prince: “you, Jaquez, answer; for the other fool seems more distracted than thou art; what is the matter?”

“My gracious Lord,” said Jaquez, “if it please your Highness to hear me; Diego and I, according to your Highness’s orders, went to search for the young Lady; but being comprehensive that we might meet the ghost of my young Lord, your Highness’s son, God rest his soul, as he has not received Christian burial—”

“Sot!” cried Manfred in a rage; “is it only a ghost, then, that thou hast seen?”

“Oh! worse! worse! my Lord,” cried Diego: “I had rather have seen ten whole ghosts.”

“Grant me patience!” said Manfred; “these blockheads distract me. Out of my sight, Diego! and thou, Jaquez, tell me in one word, art thou sober? art thou raving? thou wast wont to have some sense: has the other sot frightened himself and thee too? Speak; what is it he fancies he has seen?”

“Why, my Lord,” replied Jaquez, trembling, “I was going to tell your Highness, that since the calamitous misfortune of my young



Lord, God rest  
his precious soul! not one of us your Highness's faithful  
servants—indeed  
we are, my Lord, though poor men—I say, not one of us has  
dared to set a  
foot about the castle, but two together: so Diego and I,  
thinking that my  
young Lady might be in the great gallery, went up there to  
look for her,  
and tell her your Highness wanted something to impart to her.”

“O blundering fools!” cried Manfred; “and in the meantime, she  
has made  
her escape, because you were afraid of goblins!—Why, thou  
knave! she left  
me in the gallery; I came from thence myself.”

“For all that, she may be there still for aught I know,” said  
Jaquez;  
“but the devil shall have me before I seek her there  
again—poor Diego! I  
do not believe he will ever recover it.”

“Recover what?” said Manfred; “am I never to learn what it is  
has  
terrified these rascals?—but I lose my time; follow me, slave;  
I will see  
if she is in the gallery.”

“For Heaven's sake, my dear, good Lord,” cried Jaquez, “do not  
go to the  
gallery. Satan himself I believe is in the chamber next to the  
gallery.”

Manfred, who hitherto had treated the terror of his servants  
as an idle  
panic, was struck at this new circumstance. He recollected the  
apparition of the portrait, and the sudden closing of the door

at the end  
of the gallery. His voice faltered, and he asked with  
disorder—

“What is in the great chamber?”

“My Lord,” said Jaquez, “when Diego and I came into the  
gallery, he went  
first, for he said he had more courage than I. So when we came  
into the  
gallery we found nobody. We looked under every bench and  
stool; and  
still we found nobody.”

“Were all the pictures in their places?” said Manfred.

“Yes, my Lord,” answered Jaquez; “but we did not think of  
looking behind  
them.”

“Well, well!” said Manfred; “proceed.”

“When we came to the door of the great chamber,” continued  
Jaquez, “we  
found it shut.”

“And could not you open it?” said Manfred.

“Oh! yes, my Lord; would to Heaven we had not!” replied  
he—“nay, it was  
not I neither; it was Diego: he was grown foolhardy, and would  
go on,  
though I advised him not—if ever I open a door that is shut  
again—”

“Trifle not,” said Manfred, shuddering, “but tell me what you  
saw in the  
great chamber on opening the door.”

“I! my Lord!” said Jaquez; “I was behind Diego; but I heard

the noise.”

“Jaquez,” said Manfred, in a solemn tone of voice; “tell me, I adjure thee by the souls of my ancestors, what was it thou sawest? what was it thou heardest?”

“It was Diego saw it, my Lord, it was not I,” replied Jaquez; “I only heard the noise. Diego had no sooner opened the door, than he cried out, and ran back. I ran back too, and said, ‘Is it the ghost?’ ‘The ghost! no, no,’ said Diego, and his hair stood on end—‘it is a giant, I believe; he is all clad in armour, for I saw his foot and part of his leg, and they are as large as the helmet below in the court.’ As he said these words, my Lord, we heard a violent motion and the rattling of armour, as if the giant was rising, for Diego has told me since that he believes the giant was lying down, for the foot and leg were stretched at length on the floor. Before we could get to the end of the gallery, we heard the door of the great chamber clap behind us, but we did not dare turn back to see if the giant was following us—yet, now I think on it, we must have heard him if he had pursued us—but for Heaven’s sake, good my Lord, send for the chaplain, and have the castle exorcised, for, for certain, it is enchanted.”

“Ay, pray do, my Lord,” cried all the servants at once, “or we must leave your Highness’s service.”

“Peace, dotards!” said Manfred, “and follow me; I will know what all this means.”

“We! my Lord!” cried they with one voice; “we would not go up to the gallery for your Highness’s revenue.” The young peasant, who had stood silent, now spoke.

“Will your Highness,” said he, “permit me to try this adventure? My life is of consequence to nobody; I fear no bad angel, and have offended no good one.”

“Your behaviour is above your seeming,” said Manfred, viewing him with surprise and admiration—“hereafter I will reward your bravery—but now,” continued he with a sigh, “I am so circumstanced, that I dare trust no eyes but my own. However, I give you leave to accompany me.”

Manfred, when he first followed Isabella from the gallery, had gone directly to the apartment of his wife, concluding the Princess had retired thither. Hippolita, who knew his step, rose with anxious fondness to meet her Lord, whom she had not seen since the death of their son. She would have flown in a transport mixed of joy and grief to his

bosom, but he pushed her rudely off, and said—

“Where is Isabella?”

“Isabella! my Lord!” said the astonished Hippolita.

“Yes, Isabella,” cried Manfred imperiously; “I want Isabella.”

“My Lord,” replied Matilda, who perceived how much his behaviour had shocked her mother, “she has not been with us since your Highness summoned her to your apartment.”

“Tell me where she is,” said the Prince; “I do not want to know where she has been.”

“My good Lord,” says Hippolita, “your daughter tells you the truth:

Isabella left us by your command, and has not returned since;—but, my good Lord, compose yourself: retire to your rest: this dismal day has disordered you. Isabella shall wait your orders in the morning.”

“What, then, you know where she is!” cried Manfred. “Tell me directly, for I will not lose an instant—and you, woman,” speaking to his wife, “order your chaplain to attend me forthwith.”

“Isabella,” said Hippolita calmly, “is retired, I suppose, to her chamber: she is not accustomed to watch at this late hour. Gracious my Lord,” continued she, “let me know what has disturbed you. Has Isabella

offended you?"

"Trouble me not with questions," said Manfred, "but tell me where she is."

"Matilda shall call her," said the Princess. "Sit down, my Lord, and resume your wonted fortitude."

"What, art thou jealous of Isabella?" replied he, "that you wish to be present at our interview!"

"Good heavens! my Lord," said Hippolita, "what is it your Highness means?"

"Thou wilt know ere many minutes are passed," said the cruel Prince.

"Send your chaplain to me, and wait my pleasure here."

At these words he flung out of the room in search of Isabella, leaving the amazed ladies thunderstruck with his words and frantic deportment, and lost in vain conjectures on what he was meditating.

Manfred was now returning from the vault, attended by the peasant and a few of his servants whom he had obliged to accompany him. He ascended the staircase without stopping till he arrived at the gallery, at the door of which he met Hippolita and her chaplain. When Diego had been dismissed by Manfred, he had gone directly to the Princess's apartment with the alarm of what he had seen. That excellent Lady, who

no more  
than Manfred doubted of the reality of the vision, yet  
affected to treat  
it as a delirium of the servant. Willing, however, to save her  
Lord from  
any additional shock, and prepared by a series of griefs not  
to tremble  
at any accession to it, she determined to make herself the  
first  
sacrifice, if fate had marked the present hour for their  
destruction.  
Dismissing the reluctant Matilda to her rest, who in vain sued  
for leave  
to accompany her mother, and attended only by her chaplain,  
Hippolita had  
visited the gallery and great chamber; and now with more  
serenity of soul  
than she had felt for many hours, she met her Lord, and  
assured him that  
the vision of the gigantic leg and foot was all a fable; and  
no doubt an  
impression made by fear, and the dark and dismal hour of the  
night, on  
the minds of his servants. She and the chaplain had examined  
the  
chamber, and found everything in the usual order.

Manfred, though persuaded, like his wife, that the vision had  
been no  
work of fancy, recovered a little from the tempest of mind  
into which so  
many strange events had thrown him. Ashamed, too, of his  
inhuman  
treatment of a Princess who returned every injury with new  
marks of  
tenderness and duty, he felt returning love forcing itself  
into his eyes;

but not less ashamed of feeling remorse towards one against whom he was inwardly meditating a yet more bitter outrage, he curbed the yearnings of his heart, and did not dare to lean even towards pity. The next transition of his soul was to exquisite villainy.

Presuming on the unshaken submission of Hippolita, he flattered himself that she would not only acquiesce with patience to a divorce, but would obey, if it was his pleasure, in endeavouring to persuade Isabella to give him her hand—but ere he could indulge his horrid hope, he reflected that Isabella was not to be found. Coming to himself, he gave orders that every avenue to the castle should be strictly guarded, and charged his domestics on pain of their lives to suffer nobody to pass out. The young peasant, to whom he spoke favourably, he ordered to remain in a small chamber on the stairs, in which there was a pallet-bed, and the key of which he took away himself, telling the youth he would talk with him in the morning. Then dismissing his attendants, and bestowing a sullen kind of half-nod on Hippolita, he retired to his own chamber.

## CHAPTER II.

Matilda, who by Hippolita's order had retired to her apartment, was ill-disposed to take any rest. The shocking fate of her brother had



deeply affected her. She was surprised at not seeing Isabella; but the strange words which had fallen from her father, and his obscure menace to the Princess his wife, accompanied by the most furious behaviour, had filled her gentle mind with terror and alarm. She waited anxiously for the return of Bianca, a young damsel that attended her, whom she had sent to learn what was become of Isabella. Bianca soon appeared, and informed her mistress of what she had gathered from the servants, that Isabella was nowhere to be found. She related the adventure of the young peasant who had been discovered in the vault, though with many simple additions from the incoherent accounts of the domestics; and she dwelt principally on the gigantic leg and foot which had been seen in the gallery-chamber. This last circumstance had terrified Bianca so much, that she was rejoiced when Matilda told her that she would not go to rest, but would watch till the Princess should rise.

The young Princess wearied herself in conjectures on the flight of Isabella, and on the threats of Manfred to her mother. "But what business could he have so urgent with the chaplain?" said Matilda, "Does he intend to have my brother's body interred privately in the chapel?"

“Oh, Madam!” said Bianca, “now I guess. As you are become his heiress,  
he is impatient to have you married: he has always been raving for more  
sons; I warrant he is now impatient for grandsons. As sure as I live,  
Madam, I shall see you a bride at last.—Good madam, you won’t cast off  
your faithful Bianca: you won’t put Donna Rosara over me now you are a  
great Princess.”

“My poor Bianca,” said Matilda, “how fast your thoughts amble! I a great  
princess! What hast thou seen in Manfred’s behaviour since my brother’s  
death that bespeaks any increase of tenderness to me? No, Bianca; his  
heart was ever a stranger to me—but he is my father, and I must not  
complain. Nay, if Heaven shuts my father’s heart against me, it overpays  
my little merit in the tenderness of my mother—O that dear mother! yes,  
Bianca, ’tis there I feel the rugged temper of Manfred. I can support  
his harshness to me with patience; but it wounds my soul when I am  
witness to his causeless severity towards her.”

“Oh! Madam,” said Bianca, “all men use their wives so, when they are  
weary of them.”

“And yet you congratulated me but now,” said Matilda, “when you fancied  
my father intended to dispose of me!”

“I would have you a great Lady,” replied Bianca, “come what will. I do not wish to see you moped in a convent, as you would be if you had your will, and if my Lady, your mother, who knows that a bad husband is better than no husband at all, did not hinder you.—Bless me! what noise is that! St. Nicholas forgive me! I was but in jest.”

“It is the wind,” said Matilda, “whistling through the battlements in the tower above: you have heard it a thousand times.”

“Nay,” said Bianca, “there was no harm neither in what I said: it is no sin to talk of matrimony—and so, Madam, as I was saying, if my Lord Manfred should offer you a handsome young Prince for a bridegroom, you would drop him a curtsy, and tell him you would rather take the veil?”

“Thank Heaven! I am in no such danger,” said Matilda: “you know how many proposals for me he has rejected—”

“And you thank him, like a dutiful daughter, do you, Madam? But come, Madam; suppose, to-morrow morning, he was to send for you to the great council chamber, and there you should find at his elbow a lovely young Prince, with large black eyes, a smooth white forehead, and manly curling locks like jet; in short, Madam, a young hero resembling the picture of the good Alfonso in the gallery, which you sit and gaze at for

hours  
together—”

“Do not speak lightly of that picture,” interrupted Matilda sighing; “I know the adoration with which I look at that picture is uncommon—but I am not in love with a coloured panel. The character of that virtuous Prince, the veneration with which my mother has inspired me for his memory, the orisons which, I know not why, she has enjoined me to pour forth at his tomb, all have concurred to persuade me that somehow or other my destiny is linked with something relating to him.”

“Lord, Madam! how should that be?” said Bianca; “I have always heard that your family was in no way related to his: and I am sure I cannot conceive why my Lady, the Princess, sends you in a cold morning or a damp evening to pray at his tomb: he is no saint by the almanack. If you must pray, why does she not bid you address yourself to our great St. Nicholas? I am sure he is the saint I pray to for a husband.”

“Perhaps my mind would be less affected,” said Matilda, “if my mother would explain her reasons to me: but it is the mystery she observes, that inspires me with this—I know not what to call it. As she never acts from caprice, I am sure there is some fatal secret at bottom—nay, I know there is: in her agony of grief for my brother’s death she dropped

some words  
that intimated as much."

"Oh! dear Madam," cried Bianca, "what were they?"

"No," said Matilda, "if a parent lets fall a word, and wishes it recalled, it is not for a child to utter it."

"What! was she sorry for what she had said?" asked Bianca; "I am sure, Madam, you may trust me—"

"With my own little secrets when I have any, I may," said Matilda; "but never with my mother's: a child ought to have no ears or eyes but as a parent directs."

"Well! to be sure, Madam, you were born to be a saint," said Bianca, "and there is no resisting one's vocation: you will end in a convent at last. But there is my Lady Isabella would not be so reserved to me: she will let me talk to her of young men: and when a handsome cavalier has come to the castle, she has owned to me that she wished your brother Conrad resembled him."

"Bianca," said the Princess, "I do not allow you to mention my friend disrespectfully. Isabella is of a cheerful disposition, but her soul is pure as virtue itself. She knows your idle babbling humour, and perhaps has now and then encouraged it, to divert melancholy, and enliven the

solitude in which my father keeps us—”

“Blessed Mary!” said Bianca, starting, “there it is again! Dear Madam, do you hear nothing? this castle is certainly haunted!”

“Peace!” said Matilda, “and listen! I did think I heard a voice—but it must be fancy: your terrors, I suppose, have infected me.”

“Indeed! indeed! Madam,” said Bianca, half-weeping with agony, “I am sure I heard a voice.”

“Does anybody lie in the chamber beneath?” said the Princess.

“Nobody has dared to lie there,” answered Bianca, “since the great astrologer, that was your brother’s tutor, drowned himself. For certain, Madam, his ghost and the young Prince’s are now met in the chamber below—for Heaven’s sake let us fly to your mother’s apartment!”

“I charge you not to stir,” said Matilda. “If they are spirits in pain, we may ease their sufferings by questioning them. They can mean no hurt to us, for we have not injured them—and if they should, shall we be more safe in one chamber than in another? Reach me my beads; we will say a prayer, and then speak to them.”

“Oh! dear Lady, I would not speak to a ghost for the world!” cried Bianca. As she said those words they heard the casement of the little

chamber below Matilda's open. They listened attentively, and in a few minutes thought they heard a person sing, but could not distinguish the words.

"This can be no evil spirit," said the Princess, in a low voice; "it is undoubtedly one of the family—open the window, and we shall know the voice."

"I dare not, indeed, Madam," said Bianca.

"Thou art a very fool," said Matilda, opening the window gently herself.

The noise the Princess made was, however, heard by the person beneath, who stopped; and they concluded had heard the casement open.

"Is anybody below?" said the Princess; "if there is, speak."

"Yes," said an unknown voice.

"Who is it?" said Matilda.

"A stranger," replied the voice.

"What stranger?" said she; "and how didst thou come there at this unusual hour, when all the gates of the castle are locked?"

"I am not here willingly," answered the voice. "But pardon me, Lady, if I have disturbed your rest; I knew not that I was overheard. Sleep had forsaken me; I left a restless couch, and came to waste the irksome hours with gazing on the fair approach of morning, impatient to be dismissed

from this castle.”

“Thy words and accents,” said Matilda, “are of melancholy cast; if thou art unhappy, I pity thee. If poverty afflicts thee, let me know it; I will mention thee to the Princess, whose beneficent soul ever melts for the distressed, and she will relieve thee.”

“I am indeed unhappy,” said the stranger; “and I know not what wealth is. But I do not complain of the lot which Heaven has cast for me; I am young and healthy, and am not ashamed of owing my support to myself—yet think me not proud, or that I disdain your generous offers. I will remember you in my orisons, and will pray for blessings on your gracious self and your noble mistress—if I sigh, Lady, it is for others, not for myself.”

“Now I have it, Madam,” said Bianca, whispering the Princess; “this is certainly the young peasant; and, by my conscience, he is in love—Well! this is a charming adventure!—do, Madam, let us sift him. He does not know you, but takes you for one of my Lady Hippolita’s women.”

“Art thou not ashamed, Bianca!” said the Princess. “What right have we to pry into the secrets of this young man’s heart? He seems virtuous and frank, and tells us he is unhappy. Are those circumstances that authorise us to make a property of him? How are we entitled to



his  
confidence?"

"Lord, Madam! how little you know of love!" replied Bianca;  
"why, lovers  
have no pleasure equal to talking of their mistress."

"And would you have me become a peasant's confidante?" said  
the  
Princess.

"Well, then, let me talk to him," said Bianca; "though I have  
the honour  
of being your Highness's maid of honour, I was not always so  
great.  
Besides, if love levels ranks, it raises them too; I have a  
respect for  
any young man in love."

"Peace, simpleton!" said the Princess. "Though he said he was  
unhappy,  
it does not follow that he must be in love. Think of all that  
has  
happened to-day, and tell me if there are no misfortunes but  
what love  
causes.—Stranger," resumed the Princess, "if thy misfortunes  
have not  
been occasioned by thy own fault, and are within the compass  
of the  
Princess Hippolita's power to redress, I will take upon me to  
answer that  
she will be thy protectress. When thou art dismissed from this  
castle,  
repair to holy father Jerome, at the convent adjoining to the  
church of  
St. Nicholas, and make thy story known to him, as far as thou  
thinkest  
meet. He will not fail to inform the Princess, who is the

mother of all  
that want her assistance. Farewell; it is not seemly for me to  
hold  
farther converse with a man at this unwonted hour.”

“May the saints guard thee, gracious Lady!” replied the  
peasant; “but oh!  
if a poor and worthless stranger might presume to beg a  
minute’s audience  
farther; am I so happy? the casement is not shut; might I  
venture to  
ask—”

“Speak quickly,” said Matilda; “the morning dawns apace:  
should the  
labourers come into the fields and perceive us—What wouldst  
thou ask?”

“I know not how, I know not if I dare,” said the Young  
stranger,  
faltering; “yet the humanity with which you have spoken to me  
emboldens—Lady! dare I trust you?”

“Heavens!” said Matilda, “what dost thou mean? With what  
wouldst thou  
trust me? Speak boldly, if thy secret is fit to be entrusted  
to a  
virtuous breast.”

“I would ask,” said the peasant, recollecting himself,  
“whether what I  
have heard from the domestics is true, that the Princess is  
missing from  
the castle?”

“What imports it to thee to know?” replied Matilda. “Thy first  
words  
bespoke a prudent and becoming gravity. Dost thou come hither  
to pry

into the secrets of Manfred? Adieu. I have been mistaken in thee."

Saying these words she shut the casement hastily, without giving the young man time to reply.

"I had acted more wisely," said the Princess to Bianca, with some sharpness, "if I had let thee converse with this peasant; his inquisitiveness seems of a piece with thy own."

"It is not fit for me to argue with your Highness," replied Bianca; "but perhaps the questions I should have put to him would have been more to the purpose than those you have been pleased to ask him."

"Oh! no doubt," said Matilda; "you are a very discreet personage! May I know what you would have asked him?"

"A bystander often sees more of the game than those that play," answered Bianca. "Does your Highness think, Madam, that this question about my Lady Isabella was the result of mere curiosity? No, no, Madam, there is more in it than you great folks are aware of. Lopez told me that all the servants believe this young fellow contrived my Lady Isabella's escape; now, pray, Madam, observe you and I both know that my Lady Isabella never much fancied the Prince your brother. Well! he is killed just in a critical minute—I accuse nobody. A helmet falls from the moon—so, my Lord, your father says; but Lopez and all the servants say

that this  
young spark is a magician, and stole it from Alfonso's tomb—"

"Have done with this rhapsody of impertinence," said Matilda.

"Nay, Madam, as you please," cried Bianca; "yet it is very  
particular

though, that my Lady Isabella should be missing the very same  
day, and

that this young sorcerer should be found at the mouth of the  
trap-door.

I accuse nobody; but if my young Lord came honestly by his  
death—"

"Dare not on thy duty," said Matilda, "to breathe a suspicion  
on the

purity of my dear Isabella's fame."

"Purity, or not purity," said Bianca, "gone she is—a stranger  
is found

that nobody knows; you question him yourself; he tells you he  
is in love,

or unhappy, it is the same thing—nay, he owned he was unhappy  
about

others; and is anybody unhappy about another, unless they are  
in love

with them? and at the very next word, he asks innocently, pour  
soul! if

my Lady Isabella is missing."

"To be sure," said Matilda, "thy observations are not totally  
without

foundation—Isabella's flight amazes me. The curiosity of the  
stranger is

very particular; yet Isabella never concealed a thought from  
me."

"So she told you," said Bianca, "to fish out your secrets; but  
who knows,

Madam, but this stranger may be some Prince in disguise? Do, Madam, let me open the window, and ask him a few questions."

"No," replied Matilda, "I will ask him myself, if he knows aught of Isabella; he is not worthy I should converse farther with him." She was going to open the casement, when they heard the bell ring at the postern-gate of the castle, which is on the right hand of the tower, where Matilda lay. This prevented the Princess from renewing the conversation with the stranger.

After continuing silent for some time, "I am persuaded," said she to Bianca, "that whatever be the cause of Isabella's flight it had no unworthy motive. If this stranger was accessory to it, she must be satisfied with his fidelity and worth. I observed, did not you, Bianca? that his words were tinged with an uncommon infusion of piety. It was no ruffian's speech; his phrases were becoming a man of gentle birth."

"I told you, Madam," said Bianca, "that I was sure he was some Prince in disguise."

"Yet," said Matilda, "if he was privy to her escape, how will you account for his not accompanying her in her flight? why expose himself unnecessarily and rashly to my father's resentment?"

“As for that, Madam,” replied she, “if he could get from under the helmet, he will find ways of eluding your father’s anger. I do not doubt but he has some talisman or other about him.”

“You resolve everything into magic,” said Matilda; “but a man who has any intercourse with infernal spirits, does not dare to make use of those tremendous and holy words which he uttered. Didst thou not observe with what fervour he vowed to remember me to heaven in his prayers? Yes; Isabella was undoubtedly convinced of his piety.”

“Commend me to the piety of a young fellow and a damsel that consult to elope!” said Bianca. “No, no, Madam, my Lady Isabella is of another guess mould than you take her for. She used indeed to sigh and lift up her eyes in your company, because she knows you are a saint; but when your back was turned—”

“You wrong her,” said Matilda; “Isabella is no hypocrite; she has a due sense of devotion, but never affected a call she has not. On the contrary, she always combated my inclination for the cloister; and though I own the mystery she has made to me of her flight confounds me; though it seems inconsistent with the friendship between us; I cannot forget the disinterested warmth with which she always opposed my taking the veil.

She wished to see me married, though my dower would have been a loss to her and my brother's children. For her sake I will believe well of this young peasant."

"Then you do think there is some liking between them," said Bianca.

While she was speaking, a servant came hastily into the chamber and told the Princess that the Lady Isabella was found.

"Where?" said Matilda.

"She has taken sanctuary in St. Nicholas's church," replied the servant;

"Father Jerome has brought the news himself; he is below with his Highness."

"Where is my mother?" said Matilda.

"She is in her own chamber, Madam, and has asked for you."

Manfred had risen at the first dawn of light, and gone to Hippolita's apartment, to inquire if she knew aught of Isabella. While he was questioning her, word was brought that Jerome demanded to speak with him.

Manfred, little suspecting the cause of the Friar's arrival, and knowing he was employed by Hippolita in her charities, ordered him to be admitted, intending to leave them together, while he pursued his search after Isabella.

"Is your business with me or the Princess?" said Manfred.

"With both," replied the holy man. "The Lady Isabella—"

"What of her?" interrupted Manfred, eagerly.

"Is at St. Nicholas's altar," replied Jerome.

"That is no business of Hippolita," said Manfred with confusion; "let us retire to my chamber, Father, and inform me how she came thither."

"No, my Lord," replied the good man, with an air of firmness and authority, that daunted even the resolute Manfred, who could not help revering the saint-like virtues of Jerome; "my commission is to both, and with your Highness's good-liking, in the presence of both I shall deliver it; but first, my Lord, I must interrogate the Princess, whether she is acquainted with the cause of the Lady Isabella's retirement from your castle."

"No, on my soul," said Hippolita; "does Isabella charge me with being privy to it?"

"Father," interrupted Manfred, "I pay due reverence to your holy profession; but I am sovereign here, and will allow no meddling priest to interfere in the affairs of my domestic. If you have aught to say attend me to my chamber; I do not use to let my wife be acquainted with the secret affairs of my state; they are not within a woman's province."



“My Lord,” said the holy man, “I am no intruder into the secrets of families. My office is to promote peace, to heal divisions, to preach repentance, and teach mankind to curb their headstrong passions. I forgive your Highness’s uncharitable apostrophe; I know my duty, and am the minister of a mightier prince than Manfred. Harken to him who speaks through my organs.”

Manfred trembled with rage and shame. Hippolita’s countenance declared her astonishment and impatience to know where this would end. Her silence more strongly spoke her observance of Manfred.

“The Lady Isabella,” resumed Jerome, “commends herself to both your Highnesses; she thanks both for the kindness with which she has been treated in your castle: she deplores the loss of your son, and her own misfortune in not becoming the daughter of such wise and noble Princes, whom she shall always respect as Parents; she prays for uninterrupted union and felicity between you” [Manfred’s colour changed]: “but as it is no longer possible for her to be allied to you, she entreats your consent to remain in sanctuary, till she can learn news of her father, or, by the certainty of his death, be at liberty, with the approbation of her guardians, to dispose of herself in suitable marriage.”

“I shall give no such consent,” said the Prince, “but insist on her return to the castle without delay: I am answerable for her person to her guardians, and will not brook her being in any hands but my own.”

“Your Highness will recollect whether that can any longer be proper,” replied the Friar.

“I want no monitor,” said Manfred, colouring; “Isabella’s conduct leaves room for strange suspicions—and that young villain, who was at least the accomplice of her flight, if not the cause of it—”

“The cause!” interrupted Jerome; “was a young man the cause?”

“This is not to be borne!” cried Manfred. “Am I to be bearded in my own palace by an insolent Monk? Thou art privy, I guess, to their amours.”

“I would pray to heaven to clear up your uncharitable surmises,” said Jerome, “if your Highness were not satisfied in your conscience how unjustly you accuse me. I do pray to heaven to pardon that uncharitableness: and I implore your Highness to leave the Princess at peace in that holy place, where she is not liable to be disturbed by such vain and worldly fantasies as discourses of love from any man.”

“Cant not to me,” said Manfred, “but return and bring the Princess to her

duty.”

“It is my duty to prevent her return hither,” said Jerome. “She is where orphans and virgins are safest from the snares and wiles of this world; and nothing but a parent’s authority shall take her thence.”

“I am her parent,” cried Manfred, “and demand her.”

“She wished to have you for her parent,” said the Friar; “but Heaven that forbade that connection has for ever dissolved all ties betwixt you: and I announce to your Highness—”

“Stop! audacious man,” said Manfred, “and dread my displeasure.”

“Holy Father,” said Hippolita, “it is your office to be no respecter of persons: you must speak as your duty prescribes: but it is my duty to hear nothing that it pleases not my Lord I should hear. Attend the Prince to his chamber. I will retire to my oratory, and pray to the blessed Virgin to inspire you with her holy counsels, and to restore the heart of my gracious Lord to its wonted peace and gentleness.”

“Excellent woman!” said the Friar. “My Lord, I attend your pleasure.”

Manfred, accompanied by the Friar, passed to his own apartment, where shutting the door, “I perceive, Father,” said he, “that Isabella has acquainted you with my purpose. Now hear my resolve, and obey.

Reasons

of state, most urgent reasons, my own and the safety of my people, demand

that I should have a son. It is in vain to expect an heir from Hippolita. I have made choice of Isabella. You must bring her back; and

you must do more. I know the influence you have with Hippolita: her

conscience is in your hands. She is, I allow, a faultless woman: her

soul is set on heaven, and scorns the little grandeur of this world: you

can withdraw her from it entirely. Persuade her to consent to the

dissolution of our marriage, and to retire into a monastery—she shall

endow one if she will; and she shall have the means of being as liberal

to your order as she or you can wish. Thus you will divert the calamities that are hanging over our heads, and have the merit of saying

the principality of Otranto from destruction. You are a prudent man, and

though the warmth of my temper betrayed me into some unbecoming

expressions, I honour your virtue, and wish to be indebted to you for the

repose of my life and the preservation of my family.”

“The will of heaven be done!” said the Friar. “I am but its worthless

instrument. It makes use of my tongue to tell thee, Prince, of thy

unwarrantable designs. The injuries of the virtuous Hippolita have

mounted to the throne of pity. By me thou art reprimanded for thy

adulterous intention of repudiating her: by me thou art warned  
not to  
pursue the incestuous design on thy contracted daughter.  
Heaven that  
delivered her from thy fury, when the judgments so recently  
fallen on thy  
house ought to have inspired thee with other thoughts, will  
continue to  
watch over her. Even I, a poor and despised Friar, am able to  
protect  
her from thy violence—I, sinner as I am, and uncharitably  
reviled by your  
Highness as an accomplice of I know not what amours, scorn the  
allurements with which it has pleased thee to tempt mine  
honesty. I love  
my order; I honour devout souls; I respect the piety of thy  
Princess—but  
I will not betray the confidence she reposes in me, nor serve  
even the  
cause of religion by foul and sinful compliances—but forsooth!  
the  
welfare of the state depends on your Highness having a son!  
Heaven mocks  
the short-sighted views of man. But yester-morn, whose house  
was so  
great, so flourishing as Manfred's?—where is young Conrad  
now?—My Lord, I  
respect your tears—but I mean not to check them—let them flow,  
Prince!  
They will weigh more with heaven toward the welfare of thy  
subjects, than  
a marriage, which, founded on lust or policy, could never  
prosper. The  
sceptre, which passed from the race of Alfonso to thine,  
cannot be  
preserved by a match which the church will never allow. If it  
is the

will of the Most High that Manfred's name must perish, resign  
yourself,  
my Lord, to its decrees; and thus deserve a crown that can  
never pass  
away. Come, my Lord; I like this sorrow—let us return to the  
Princess:  
she is not apprised of your cruel intentions; nor did I mean  
more than to  
alarm you. You saw with what gentle patience, with what  
efforts of love,  
she heard, she rejected hearing, the extent of your guilt. I  
know she  
longs to fold you in her arms, and assure you of her  
unalterable  
affection.”

“Father,” said the Prince, “you mistake my compunction: true,  
I honour  
Hippolita's virtues; I think her a Saint; and wish it were for  
my soul's  
health to tie faster the knot that has united us—but alas!  
Father, you  
know not the bitterest of my pangs! it is some time that I  
have had  
scruples on the legality of our union: Hippolita is related to  
me in the  
fourth degree—it is true, we had a dispensation: but I have  
been informed  
that she had also been contracted to another. This it is that  
sits heavy  
at my heart: to this state of unlawful wedlock I impute the  
visitation  
that has fallen on me in the death of Conrad!—ease my  
conscience of this  
burden: dissolve our marriage, and accomplish the work of  
godliness—which  
your divine exhortations have commenced in my soul.”

How cutting was the anguish which the good man felt, when he perceived this turn in the wily Prince! He trembled for Hippolita, whose ruin he saw was determined; and he feared if Manfred had no hope of recovering Isabella, that his impatience for a son would direct him to some other object, who might not be equally proof against the temptation of Manfred's rank. For some time the holy man remained absorbed in thought. At length, conceiving some hopes from delay, he thought the wisest conduct would be to prevent the Prince from despairing of recovering Isabella. Her the Friar knew he could dispose, from her affection to Hippolita, and from the aversion she had expressed to him for Manfred's addresses, to second his views, till the censures of the church could be fulminated against a divorce. With this intention, as if struck with the Prince's scruples, he at length said:

"My Lord, I have been pondering on what your Highness has said; and if in truth it is delicacy of conscience that is the real motive of your repugnance to your virtuous Lady, far be it from me to endeavour to harden your heart. The church is an indulgent mother: unfold your griefs to her: she alone can administer comfort to your soul, either by satisfying your conscience, or upon examination of your

scruples, by  
setting you at liberty, and indulging you in the lawful means  
of  
continuing your lineage. In the latter case, if the Lady  
Isabella can be  
brought to consent—”

Manfred, who concluded that he had either over-reached the  
good man, or  
that his first warmth had been but a tribute paid to  
appearance, was  
overjoyed at this sudden turn, and repeated the most  
magnificent  
promises, if he should succeed by the Friar’s mediation. The  
well-meaning priest suffered him to deceive himself, fully  
determined to  
traverse his views, instead of seconding them.

“Since we now understand one another,” resumed the Prince, “I  
expect,  
Father, that you satisfy me in one point. Who is the youth  
that I found  
in the vault? He must have been privy to Isabella’s flight:  
tell me  
truly, is he her lover? or is he an agent for another’s  
passion? I have  
often suspected Isabella’s indifference to my son: a thousand  
circumstances crowd on my mind that confirm that suspicion.  
She herself  
was so conscious of it, that while I discoursed her in the  
gallery, she  
outran my suspicious, and endeavoured to justify herself from  
coolness to  
Conrad.”

The Friar, who knew nothing of the youth, but what he had  
learnt  
occasionally from the Princess, ignorant what was become of



him, and not sufficiently reflecting on the impetuosity of Manfred's temper, conceived that it might not be amiss to sow the seeds of jealousy in his mind: they might be turned to some use hereafter, either by prejudicing the Prince against Isabella, if he persisted in that union or by diverting his attention to a wrong scent, and employing his thoughts on a visionary intrigue, prevent his engaging in any new pursuit. With this unhappy policy, he answered in a manner to confirm Manfred in the belief of some connection between Isabella and the youth. The Prince, whose passions wanted little fuel to throw them into a blaze, fell into a rage at the idea of what the Friar suggested.

"I will fathom to the bottom of this intrigue," cried he; and quitting Jerome abruptly, with a command to remain there till his return, he hastened to the great hall of the castle, and ordered the peasant to be brought before him.

"Thou hardened young impostor!" said the Prince, as soon as he saw the youth; "what becomes of thy boasted veracity now? it was Providence, was it, and the light of the moon, that discovered the lock of the trap-door to thee? Tell me, audacious boy, who thou art, and how long thou hast

been acquainted with the Princess—and take care to answer with less equivocation than thou didst last night, or tortures shall wring the truth from thee.”

The young man, perceiving that his share in the flight of the Princess was discovered, and concluding that anything he should say could no longer be of any service or detriment to her, replied—

“I am no impostor, my Lord, nor have I deserved opprobrious language. I answered to every question your Highness put to me last night with the same veracity that I shall speak now: and that will not be from fear of your tortures, but because my soul abhors a falsehood. Please to repeat your questions, my Lord; I am ready to give you all the satisfaction in my power.”

“You know my questions,” replied the Prince, “and only want time to prepare an evasion. Speak directly; who art thou? and how long hast thou been known to the Princess?”

“I am a labourer at the next village,” said the peasant; “my name is Theodore. The Princess found me in the vault last night: before that hour I never was in her presence.”

“I may believe as much or as little as I please of this,” said Manfred;

“but I will hear thy own story before I examine into the truth of it.

Tell me, what reason did the Princess give thee for making her escape?

thy life depends on thy answer.”

“She told me,” replied Theodore, “that she was on the brink of destruction, and that if she could not escape from the castle, she was in danger in a few moments of being made miserable for ever.”

“And on this slight foundation, on a silly girl’s report,” said Manfred,

“thou didst hazard my displeasure?”

“I fear no man’s displeasure,” said Theodore, “when a woman in distress

puts herself under my protection.”

During this examination, Matilda was going to the apartment of Hippolita.

At the upper end of the hall, where Manfred sat, was a boarded gallery

with latticed windows, through which Matilda and Bianca were to pass.

Hearing her father’s voice, and seeing the servants assembled round him,

she stopped to learn the occasion. The prisoner soon drew her attention:

the steady and composed manner in which he answered, and the gallantry of

his last reply, which were the first words she heard distinctly,

interested her in his flavour. His person was noble, handsome, and

commanding, even in that situation: but his countenance soon engrossed

her whole care.

"Heavens! Bianca," said the Princess softly, "do I dream? or is not that youth the exact resemblance of Alfonso's picture in the gallery?"

She could say no more, for her father's voice grew louder at every word.

"This bravado," said he, "surpasses all thy former insolence. Thou shalt experience the wrath with which thou darest to trifle. Seize him,"

continued Manfred, "and bind him—the first news the Princess hears of her champion shall be, that he has lost his head for her sake."

"The injustice of which thou art guilty towards me," said Theodore,

"convinces me that I have done a good deed in delivering the Princess from thy tyranny. May she be happy, whatever becomes of me!"

"This is a lover!" cried Manfred in a rage: "a peasant within sight of death is not animated by such sentiments. Tell me, tell me, rash boy, who thou art, or the rack shall force thy secret from thee."

"Thou hast threatened me with death already," said the youth, "for the truth I have told thee: if that is all the encouragement I am to expect for sincerity, I am not tempted to indulge thy vain curiosity farther."

"Then thou wilt not speak?" said Manfred.

"I will not," replied he.

“Bear him away into the courtyard,” said Manfred; “I will see his head  
this instant severed from his body.”

Matilda fainted at hearing those words. Bianca shrieked, and cried—

“Help! help! the Princess is dead!” Manfred started at this ejaculation,  
and demanded what was the matter! The young peasant, who heard it too,  
was struck with horror, and asked eagerly the same question; but Manfred  
ordered him to be hurried into the court, and kept there for execution,  
till he had informed himself of the cause of Bianca’s shrieks. When he  
learned the meaning, he treated it as a womanish panic, and ordering  
Matilda to be carried to her apartment, he rushed into the court, and  
calling for one of his guards, bade Theodore kneel down, and prepare to  
receive the fatal blow.

The undaunted youth received the bitter sentence with a resignation that  
touched every heart but Manfred’s. He wished earnestly to know the  
meaning of the words he had heard relating to the Princess; but fearing  
to exasperate the tyrant more against her, he desisted. The only boon he  
deigned to ask was, that he might be permitted to have a confessor, and  
make his peace with heaven. Manfred, who hoped by the confessor’s means  
to come at the youth’s history, readily granted his request;

and being  
convinced that Father Jerome was now in his interest, he  
ordered him to  
be called and shrive the prisoner. The holy man, who had  
little foreseen  
the catastrophe that his imprudence occasioned, fell on his  
knees to the  
Prince, and adjured him in the most solemn manner not to shed  
innocent  
blood. He accused himself in the bitterest terms for his  
indiscretion,  
endeavoured to disculpate the youth, and left no method  
untried to soften  
the tyrant's rage. Manfred, more incensed than appeased by  
Jerome's  
intercession, whose retraction now made him suspect he had  
been imposed  
upon by both, commanded the Friar to do his duty, telling him  
he would  
not allow the prisoner many minutes for confession.

"Nor do I ask many, my Lord," said the unhappy young man. "My  
sins,  
thank heaven, have not been numerous; nor exceed what might be  
expected  
at my years. Dry your tears, good Father, and let us despatch.  
This is  
a bad world; nor have I had cause to leave it with regret."

"Oh wretched youth!" said Jerome; "how canst thou bear the  
sight of me  
with patience? I am thy murderer! it is I have brought this  
dismal hour  
upon thee!"

"I forgive thee from my soul," said the youth, "as I hope  
heaven will  
pardon me. Hear my confession, Father; and give me thy

blessing.”

“How can I prepare thee for thy passage as I ought?” said Jerome. “Thou canst not be saved without pardoning thy foes—and canst thou forgive that impious man there?”

“I can,” said Theodore; “I do.”

“And does not this touch thee, cruel Prince?” said the Friar.

“I sent for thee to confess him,” said Manfred, sternly; “not to plead for him. Thou didst first incense me against him—his blood be upon thy head!”

“It will! it will!” said the good man, in an agony of sorrow. “Thou and I must never hope to go where this blessed youth is going!”

“Despatch!” said Manfred; “I am no more to be moved by the whining of priests than by the shrieks of women.”

“What!” said the youth; “is it possible that my fate could have occasioned what I heard! Is the Princess then again in thy power?”

“Thou dost but remember me of my wrath,” said Manfred. “Prepare thee, for this moment is thy last.”

The youth, who felt his indignation rise, and who was touched with the sorrow which he saw he had infused into all the spectators, as well as into the Friar, suppressed his emotions, and putting off his

doublet, and  
unbuttoning, his collar, knelt down to his prayers. As he  
stooped, his  
shirt slipped down below his shoulder, and discovered the mark  
of a  
bloody arrow.

“Gracious heaven!” cried the holy man, starting; “what do I  
see? It is  
my child! my Theodore!”

The passions that ensued must be conceived; they cannot be  
painted. The  
tears of the assistants were suspended by wonder, rather than  
stopped by  
joy. They seemed to inquire in the eyes of their Lord what  
they ought to  
feel. Surprise, doubt, tenderness, respect, succeeded each  
other in the  
countenance of the youth. He received with modest submission  
the  
effusion of the old man’s tears and embraces. Yet afraid of  
giving a  
loose to hope, and suspecting from what had passed the  
inflexibility of  
Manfred’s temper, he cast a glance towards the Prince, as if  
to say,  
canst thou be unmoved at such a scene as this?

Manfred’s heart was capable of being touched. He forgot his  
anger in his  
astonishment; yet his pride forbad his owning himself  
affected. He even  
doubted whether this discovery was not a contrivance of the  
Friar to save  
the youth.

“What may this mean?” said he. “How can he be thy son? Is it



consistent  
with thy profession or reputed sanctity to avow a peasant's  
offspring for  
the fruit of thy irregular amours!"

"Oh, God!" said the holy man, "dost thou question his being  
mine? Could  
I feel the anguish I do if I were not his father? Spare him!  
good  
Prince! spare him! and revile me as thou pleasest."

"Spare him! spare him!" cried the attendants; "for this good  
man's sake!"

"Peace!" said Manfred, sternly. "I must know more ere I am  
disposed to  
pardon. A Saint's bastard may be no saint himself."

"Injurious Lord!" said Theodore, "add not insult to cruelty.  
If I am  
this venerable man's son, though no Prince, as thou art, know  
the blood  
that flows in my veins—"

"Yes," said the Friar, interrupting him, "his blood is noble;  
nor is he  
that abject thing, my Lord, you speak him. He is my lawful  
son, and  
Sicily can boast of few houses more ancient than that of  
Falconara. But  
alas! my Lord, what is blood! what is nobility! We are all  
reptiles,  
miserable, sinful creatures. It is piety alone that can  
distinguish us  
from the dust whence we sprung, and whither we must return."

"Truce to your sermon," said Manfred; "you forget you are no  
longer Friar  
Jerome, but the Count of Falconara. Let me know your history;

you will  
have time to moralise hereafter, if you should not happen to  
obtain the  
grace of that sturdy criminal there."

"Mother of God!" said the Friar, "is it possible my Lord can  
refuse a  
father the life of his only, his long-lost, child! Trample me,  
my Lord,  
scorn, afflict me, accept my life for his, but spare my son!"

"Thou canst feel, then," said Manfred, "what it is to lose an  
only son!  
A little hour ago thou didst preach up resignation to me: my  
house, if  
fate so pleased, must perish—but the Count of Falconara—"

"Alas! my Lord," said Jerome, "I confess I have offended; but  
aggravate  
not an old man's sufferings! I boast not of my family, nor  
think of such  
vanities—it is nature, that pleads for this boy; it is the  
memory of the  
dear woman that bore him. Is she, Theodore, is she dead?"

"Her soul has long been with the blessed," said Theodore.

"Oh! how?" cried Jerome, "tell me—no—she is happy! Thou art  
all my care  
now!—Most dread Lord! will you—will you grant me my poor boy's  
life?"

"Return to thy convent," answered Manfred; "conduct the  
Princess hither;  
obey me in what else thou knowest; and I promise thee the life  
of thy  
son."

"Oh! my Lord," said Jerome, "is my honesty the price I must

pay for this  
dear youth's safety?"

"For me!" cried Theodore. "Let me die a thousand deaths,  
rather than  
stain thy conscience. What is it the tyrant would exact of  
thee? Is the  
Princess still safe from his power? Protect her, thou  
venerable old man;  
and let all the weight of his wrath fall on me."

Jerome endeavoured to check the impetuosity of the youth; and  
ere Manfred  
could reply, the trampling of horses was heard, and a brazen  
trumpet,  
which hung without the gate of the castle, was suddenly  
sounded. At the  
same instant the sable plumes on the enchanted helmet, which  
still  
remained at the other end of the court, were tempestuously  
agitated, and  
nodded thrice, as if bowed by some invisible wearer.

### CHAPTER III.

Manfred's heart misgave him when he beheld the plumage on the  
miraculous  
casque shaken in concert with the sounding of the brazen  
trumpet.

"Father!" said he to Jerome, whom he now ceased to treat as  
Count of  
Falconara, "what mean these portents? If I have offended—" the  
plumes  
were shaken with greater violence than before.

"Unhappy Prince that I am," cried Manfred. "Holy Father! will  
you not  
assist me with your prayers?"

“My Lord,” replied Jerome, “heaven is no doubt displeased with your  
mockery of its servants. Submit yourself to the church; and  
cease to  
persecute her ministers. Dismiss this innocent youth; and  
learn to  
respect the holy character I wear. Heaven will not be trifled  
with: you  
see—” the trumpet sounded again.

“I acknowledge I have been too hasty,” said Manfred. “Father,  
do you go  
to the wicket, and demand who is at the gate.”

“Do you grant me the life of Theodore?” replied the Friar.

“I do,” said Manfred; “but inquire who is without!”

Jerome, falling on the neck of his son, discharged a flood of  
tears, that  
spoke the fulness of his soul.

“You promised to go to the gate,” said Manfred.

“I thought,” replied the Friar, “your Highness would excuse my  
thanking  
you first in this tribute of my heart.”

“Go, dearest Sir,” said Theodore; “obey the Prince. I do not  
deserve  
that you should delay his satisfaction for me.”

Jerome, inquiring who was without, was answered, “A Herald.”

“From whom?” said he.

“From the Knight of the Gigantic Sabre,” said the Herald; “and  
I must  
speak with the usurper of Otranto.”

Jerome returned to the Prince, and did not fail to repeat the message in the very words it had been uttered. The first sounds struck Manfred with terror; but when he heard himself styled usurper, his rage rekindled, and all his courage revived.

“Usurper!—insolent villain!” cried he; “who dares to question my title? Retire, Father; this is no business for Monks: I will meet this presumptuous man myself. Go to your convent and prepare the Princess’s return. Your son shall be a hostage for your fidelity: his life depends on your obedience.”

“Good heaven! my Lord,” cried Jerome, “your Highness did but this instant freely pardon my child—have you so soon forgot the interposition of heaven?”

“Heaven,” replied Manfred, “does not send Heralds to question the title of a lawful Prince. I doubt whether it even notifies its will through Friars—but that is your affair, not mine. At present you know my pleasure; and it is not a saucy Herald that shall save your son, if you do not return with the Princess.”

It was in vain for the holy man to reply. Manfred commanded him to be conducted to the postern-gate, and shut out from the castle. And he

ordered some of his attendants to carry Theodore to the top of the black tower, and guard him strictly; scarce permitting the father and son to exchange a hasty embrace at parting. He then withdrew to the hall, and seating himself in princely state, ordered the Herald to be admitted to his presence.

“Well! thou insolent!” said the Prince, “what wouldst thou with me?”

“I come,” replied he, “to thee, Manfred, usurper of the principality of Otranto, from the renowned and invincible Knight, the Knight of the Gigantic Sabre: in the name of his Lord, Frederic, Marquis of Vicenza, he demands the Lady Isabella, daughter of that Prince, whom thou hast basely and traitorously got into thy power, by bribing her false guardians during his absence; and he requires thee to resign the principality of Otranto, which thou hast usurped from the said Lord Frederic, the nearest of blood to the last rightful Lord, Alfonso the Good. If thou dost not instantly comply with these just demands, he defies thee to single combat to the last extremity.” And so saying the Herald cast down his warder.

“And where is this braggart who sends thee?” said Manfred.

“At the distance of a league,” said the Herald: “he comes to make good

his Lord's claim against thee, as he is a true knight, and thou an usurper and ravisher."

Injurious as this challenge was, Manfred reflected that it was not his interest to provoke the Marquis. He knew how well founded the claim of

Frederic was; nor was this the first time he had heard of it. Frederic's

ancestors had assumed the style of Princes of Otranto, from the death of

Alfonso the Good without issue; but Manfred, his father, and grandfather,

had been too powerful for the house of Vicenza to dispossess them.

Frederic, a martial and amorous young Prince, had married a beautiful

young lady, of whom he was enamoured, and who had died in childbed of

Isabella. Her death affected him so much that he had taken the cross and

gone to the Holy Land, where he was wounded in an engagement against the

infidels, made prisoner, and reported to be dead. When the news reached

Manfred's ears, he bribed the guardians of the Lady Isabella to deliver

her up to him as a bride for his son Conrad, by which alliance he had

proposed to unite the claims of the two houses. This motive, on Conrad's

death, had co-operated to make him so suddenly resolve on espousing her

himself; and the same reflection determined him now to endeavour at

obtaining the consent of Frederic to this marriage. A like

policy

inspired him with the thought of inviting Frederic's champion into the

castle, lest he should be informed of Isabella's flight, which he

strictly enjoined his domestics not to disclose to any of the Knight's retinue.

"Herald," said Manfred, as soon as he had digested these reflections,

"return to thy master, and tell him, ere we liquidate our differences by

the sword, Manfred would hold some converse with him. Bid him welcome to

my castle, where by my faith, as I am a true Knight, he shall have

courteous reception, and full security for himself and followers. If we

cannot adjust our quarrel by amicable means, I swear he shall depart in

safety, and shall have full satisfaction according to the laws of arms:

So help me God and His holy Trinity!"

The Herald made three obeisances and retired.

During this interview Jerome's mind was agitated by a thousand contrary

passions. He trembled for the life of his son, and his first thought was

to persuade Isabella to return to the castle. Yet he was scarce less

alarmed at the thought of her union with Manfred. He dreaded Hippolita's

unbounded submission to the will of her Lord; and though he did not doubt

but he could alarm her piety not to consent to a divorce, if



he could get  
access to her; yet should Manfred discover that the  
obstruction came from  
him, it might be equally fatal to Theodore. He was impatient  
to know  
whence came the Herald, who with so little management had  
questioned the  
title of Manfred: yet he did not dare absent himself from the  
convent,  
lest Isabella should leave it, and her flight be imputed to  
him. He  
returned disconsolately to the monastery, uncertain on what  
conduct to  
resolve. A Monk, who met him in the porch and observed his  
melancholy  
air, said—

“Alas! brother, is it then true that we have lost our  
excellent Princess  
Hippolita?”

The holy man started, and cried, “What meanest thou, brother?  
I come  
this instant from the castle, and left her in perfect health.”

“Martelli,” replied the other Friar, “passed by the convent  
but a quarter  
of an hour ago on his way from the castle, and reported that  
her Highness  
was dead. All our brethren are gone to the chapel to pray for  
her happy  
transit to a better life, and willed me to wait thy arrival.  
They know  
thy holy attachment to that good Lady, and are anxious for the  
affliction  
it will cause in thee—indeed we have all reason to weep; she  
was a mother  
to our house. But this life is but a pilgrimage; we must not

murmur—we  
shall all follow her! May our end be like hers!”

“Good brother, thou dreamest,” said Jerome. “I tell thee I come from the castle, and left the Princess well. Where is the Lady Isabella?”

“Poor Gentlewoman!” replied the Friar; “I told her the sad news, and offered her spiritual comfort. I reminded her of the transitory condition of mortality, and advised her to take the veil: I quoted the example of the holy Princess Sanchia of Arragon.”

“Thy zeal was laudable,” said Jerome, impatiently; “but at present it was unnecessary: Hippolita is well—at least I trust in the Lord she is; I heard nothing to the contrary—yet, methinks, the Prince’s earnestness—Well, brother, but where is the Lady Isabella?”

“I know not,” said the Friar; “she wept much, and said she would retire to her chamber.”

Jerome left his comrade abruptly, and hastened to the Princess, but she was not in her chamber. He inquired of the domestics of the convent, but could learn no news of her. He searched in vain throughout the monastery and the church, and despatched messengers round the neighbourhood, to get intelligence if she had been seen; but to no purpose. Nothing could equal the good man’s perplexity. He judged that Isabella,

suspecting

Manfred of having precipitated his wife's death, had taken the alarm, and

withdrawn herself to some more secret place of concealment.

This new

flight would probably carry the Prince's fury to the height.

The report

of Hippolita's death, though it seemed almost incredible, increased his

consternation; and though Isabella's escape bespoke her aversion of

Manfred for a husband, Jerome could feel no comfort from it, while it

endangered the life of his son. He determined to return to the castle,

and made several of his brethren accompany him to attest his innocence to

Manfred, and, if necessary, join their intercession with his for

Theodore.

The Prince, in the meantime, had passed into the court, and ordered the

gates of the castle to be flung open for the reception of the stranger

Knight and his train. In a few minutes the cavalcade arrived.

First

came two harbingers with wands. Next a herald, followed by two pages and

two trumpets. Then a hundred foot-guards. These were attended by as

many horse. After them fifty footmen, clothed in scarlet and black, the

colours of the Knight. Then a led horse. Two heralds on each side of a

gentleman on horseback bearing a banner with the arms of Vicenza and

Otranto quarterly—a circumstance that much offended Manfred—but he stifled his resentment. Two more pages. The Knight's confessor telling his beads. Fifty more footmen clad as before. Two Knights habited in complete armour, their beavers down, comrades to the principal Knight.

The squires of the two Knights, carrying their shields and devices. The Knight's own squire. A hundred gentlemen bearing an enormous sword, and seeming to faint under the weight of it. The Knight himself on a chestnut steed, in complete armour, his lance in the rest, his face entirely concealed by his vizor, which was surmounted by a large plume of scarlet and black feathers. Fifty foot-guards with drums and trumpets closed the procession, which wheeled off to the right and left to make room for the principal Knight.

As soon as he approached the gate he stopped; and the herald advancing, read again the words of the challenge. Manfred's eyes were fixed on the gigantic sword, and he scarce seemed to attend to the cartel: but his attention was soon diverted by a tempest of wind that rose behind him.

He turned and beheld the Plumes of the enchanted helmet agitated in the same extraordinary manner as before. It required intrepidity like Manfred's not to sink under a concurrence of circumstances

that seemed to  
announce his fate. Yet scorning in the presence of strangers  
to betray  
the courage he had always manifested, he said boldly—

“Sir Knight, whoever thou art, I bid thee welcome. If thou art  
of mortal  
mould, thy valour shall meet its equal: and if thou art a true  
Knight,  
thou wilt scorn to employ sorcery to carry thy point. Be these  
omens  
from heaven or hell, Manfred trusts to the righteousness of  
his cause and  
to the aid of St. Nicholas, who has ever protected his house.  
Alight,  
Sir Knight, and repose thyself. To-morrow thou shalt have a  
fair field,  
and heaven befriend the juster side!”

The Knight made no reply, but dismounting, was conducted by  
Manfred to  
the great hall of the castle. As they traversed the court, the  
Knight  
stopped to gaze on the miraculous casque; and kneeling down,  
seemed to  
pray inwardly for some minutes. Rising, he made a sign to the  
Prince to  
lead on. As soon as they entered the hall, Manfred proposed to  
the  
stranger to disarm, but the Knight shook his head in token of  
refusal.

“Sir Knight,” said Manfred, “this is not courteous, but by my  
good faith  
I will not cross thee, nor shalt thou have cause to complain  
of the  
Prince of Otranto. No treachery is designed on my part; I hope  
none is

intended on thine; here take my gage" (giving him his ring):  
"your  
friends and you shall enjoy the laws of hospitality. Rest here  
until  
refreshments are brought. I will but give orders for the  
accommodation  
of your train, and return to you." The three Knights bowed as  
accepting  
his courtesy. Manfred directed the stranger's retinue to be  
conducted to  
an adjacent hospital, founded by the Princess Hippolita for  
the reception  
of pilgrims. As they made the circuit of the court to return  
towards the  
gate, the gigantic sword burst from the supporters, and  
falling to the  
ground opposite to the helmet, remained immovable. Manfred,  
almost  
hardened to preternatural appearances, surmounted the shock of  
this new  
prodigy; and returning to the hall, where by this time the  
feast was  
ready, he invited his silent guests to take their places.  
Manfred,  
however ill his heart was at ease, endeavoured to inspire the  
company  
with mirth. He put several questions to them, but was answered  
only by  
signs. They raised their vizors but sufficiently to feed  
themselves, and  
that sparingly.

"Sirs" said the Prince, "ye are the first guests I ever  
treated within  
these walls who scorned to hold any intercourse with me: nor  
has it oft  
been customary, I ween, for princes to hazard their state and

dignity

against strangers and mutes. You say you come in the name of Frederic of

Vicenza; I have ever heard that he was a gallant and courteous Knight;

nor would he, I am bold to say, think it beneath him to mix in social

converse with a Prince that is his equal, and not unknown by deeds in

arms. Still ye are silent—well! be it as it may—by the laws of hospitality and chivalry ye are masters under this roof: ye shall do your

pleasure. But come, give me a goblet of wine; ye will not refuse to

pledge me to the healths of your fair mistresses.”

The principal Knight sighed and crossed himself, and was rising from the

board.

“Sir Knight,” said Manfred, “what I said was but in sport. I shall

constrain you in nothing: use your good liking. Since mirth is not your

mood, let us be sad. Business may hit your fancies better. Let us

withdraw, and hear if what I have to unfold may be better relished than

the vain efforts I have made for your pastime.”

Manfred then conducting the three Knights into an inner chamber, shut the

door, and inviting them to be seated, began thus, addressing himself to

the chief personage:—

“You come, Sir Knight, as I understand, in the name of the Marquis of

Vicenza, to re-demand the Lady Isabella, his daughter, who has been contracted in the face of Holy Church to my son, by the consent of her legal guardians; and to require me to resign my dominions to your Lord, who gives himself for the nearest of blood to Prince Alfonso, whose soul God rest! I shall speak to the latter article of your demands first.

You must know, your Lord knows, that I enjoy the principality of Otranto from my father, Don Manuel, as he received it from his father, Don Ricardo. Alfonso, their predecessor, dying childless in the Holy Land, bequeathed his estates to my grandfather, Don Ricardo, in consideration of his faithful services." The stranger shook his head.

"Sir Knight," said Manfred, warmly, "Ricardo was a valiant and upright man; he was a pious man; witness his munificent foundation of the adjoining church and two convents. He was peculiarly patronised by St. Nicholas—my grandfather was incapable—I say, Sir, Don Ricardo was incapable—excuse me, your interruption has disordered me. I venerate the memory of my grandfather. Well, Sirs, he held this estate; he held it by his good sword and by the favour of St. Nicholas—so did my father; and so, Sirs, will I, come what come will. But Frederic, your Lord, is nearest in blood. I have consented to put my title to the



issue of the  
sword. Does that imply a vicious title? I might have asked,  
where is  
Frederic your Lord? Report speaks him dead in captivity. You  
say, your  
actions say, he lives—I question it not—I might, Sirs, I  
might—but I do  
not. Other Princes would bid Frederic take his inheritance by  
force, if  
he can: they would not stake their dignity on a single combat:  
they would  
not submit it to the decision of unknown mutes!—pardon me,  
gentlemen, I  
am too warm: but suppose yourselves in my situation: as ye are  
stout  
Knights, would it not move your choler to have your own and  
the honour of  
your ancestors called in question?”

“But to the point. Ye require me to deliver up the Lady  
Isabella. Sirs,  
I must ask if ye are authorised to receive her?”

The Knight nodded.

“Receive her,” continued Manfred; “well, you are authorised to  
receive  
her, but, gentle Knight, may I ask if you have full powers?”

The Knight nodded.

“’Tis well,” said Manfred; “then hear what I have to offer. Ye  
see,  
gentlemen, before you, the most unhappy of men!” (he began to  
weep);

“afford me your compassion; I am entitled to it, indeed I am.  
Know, I  
have lost my only hope, my joy, the support of my house—Conrad

died  
yester morning.”

The Knights discovered signs of surprise.

“Yes, Sirs, fate has disposed of my son. Isabella is at liberty.”

“Do you then restore her?” cried the chief Knight, breaking silence.

“Afford me your patience,” said Manfred. “I rejoice to find, by this testimony of your goodwill, that this matter may be adjusted without blood. It is no interest of mine dictates what little I have farther to say. Ye behold in me a man disgusted with the world: the loss of my son has weaned me from earthly cares. Power and greatness have no longer any charms in my eyes. I wished to transmit the sceptre I had received from my ancestors with honour to my son—but that is over! Life itself is so indifferent to me, that I accepted your defiance with joy. A good Knight cannot go to the grave with more satisfaction than when falling in his vocation: whatever is the will of heaven, I submit; for alas! Sirs, I am a man of many sorrows. Manfred is no object of envy, but no doubt you are acquainted with my story.”

The Knight made signs of ignorance, and seemed curious to have Manfred proceed.

“Is it possible, Sirs,” continued the Prince, “that my story should be a secret to you? Have you heard nothing relating to me and the Princess Hippolita?”

They shook their heads.

“No! Thus, then, Sirs, it is. You think me ambitious: ambition, alas! is composed of more rugged materials. If I were ambitious, I should not for so many years have been a prey to all the hell of conscientious scruples. But I weary your patience: I will be brief. Know, then, that I have long been troubled in mind on my union with the Princess Hippolita. Oh! Sirs, if ye were acquainted with that excellent woman! if ye knew that I adore her like a mistress, and cherish her as a friend—but man was not born for perfect happiness! She shares my scruples, and with her consent I have brought this matter before the church, for we are related within the forbidden degrees. I expect every hour the definitive sentence that must separate us for ever—I am sure you feel for me—I see you do—pardon these tears!”

The Knights gazed on each other, wondering where this would end.

Manfred continued—

“The death of my son betiding while my soul was under this

anxiety, I  
thought of nothing but resigning my dominions, and retiring  
for ever from  
the sight of mankind. My only difficulty was to fix on a  
successor, who  
would be tender of my people, and to dispose of the Lady  
Isabella, who is  
dear to me as my own blood. I was willing to restore the line  
of  
Alfonso, even in his most distant kindred. And though, pardon  
me, I am  
satisfied it was his will that Ricardo's lineage should take  
place of his  
own relations; yet where was I to search for those relations?  
I knew of  
none but Frederic, your Lord; he was a captive to the  
infidels, or dead;  
and were he living, and at home, would he quit the flourishing  
State of  
Vicenza for the inconsiderable principality of Otranto? If he  
would not,  
could I bear the thought of seeing a hard, unfeeling, Viceroy  
set over my  
poor faithful people? for, Sirs, I love my people, and thank  
heaven am  
beloved by them. But ye will ask whither tends this long  
discourse?  
Briefly, then, thus, Sirs. Heaven in your arrival seems to  
point out a  
remedy for these difficulties and my misfortunes. The Lady  
Isabella is  
at liberty; I shall soon be so. I would submit to anything for  
the good  
of my people. Were it not the best, the only way to extinguish  
the feuds  
between our families, if I was to take the Lady Isabella to  
wife? You

start. But though Hippolita's virtues will ever be dear to me, a Prince must not consider himself; he is born for his people." A servant at that instant entering the chamber apprised Manfred that Jerome and several of his brethren demanded immediate access to him.

The Prince, provoked at this interruption, and fearing that the Friar would discover to the strangers that Isabella had taken sanctuary, was going to forbid Jerome's entrance. But recollecting that he was certainly arrived to notify the Princess's return, Manfred began to excuse himself to the Knights for leaving them for a few moments, but was prevented by the arrival of the Friars. Manfred angrily reprimanded them for their intrusion, and would have forced them back from the chamber; but Jerome was too much agitated to be repulsed. He declared aloud the flight of Isabella, with protestations of his own innocence.

Manfred, distracted at the news, and not less at its coming to the knowledge of the strangers, uttered nothing but incoherent sentences, now upbraiding the Friar, now apologising to the Knights, earnest to know what was become of Isabella, yet equally afraid of their knowing; impatient to pursue her, yet dreading to have them join in the pursuit. He offered to despatch messengers in quest of her, but the

chief Knight,  
no longer keeping silence, reproached Manfred in bitter terms  
for his  
dark and ambiguous dealing, and demanded the cause of  
Isabella's first  
absence from the castle. Manfred, casting a stern look at  
Jerome,  
implying a command of silence, pretended that on Conrad's  
death he had  
placed her in sanctuary until he could determine how to  
dispose of her.  
Jerome, who trembled for his son's life, did not dare  
contradict this  
falsehood, but one of his brethren, not under the same  
anxiety, declared  
frankly that she had fled to their church in the preceding  
night. The  
Prince in vain endeavoured to stop this discovery, which  
overwhelmed him  
with shame and confusion. The principal stranger, amazed at  
the  
contradictions he heard, and more than half persuaded that  
Manfred had  
secreted the Princess, notwithstanding the concern he  
expressed at her  
flight, rushing to the door, said—

“Thou traitor Prince! Isabella shall be found.”

Manfred endeavoured to hold him, but the other Knights  
assisting their  
comrade, he broke from the Prince, and hastened into the  
court, demanding  
his attendants. Manfred, finding it vain to divert him from  
the pursuit,  
offered to accompany him and summoning his attendants, and  
taking Jerome

and some of the Friars to guide them, they issued from the castle;  
Manfred privately giving orders to have the Knight's company secured,  
while to the knight he affected to despatch a messenger to require their assistance.

The company had no sooner quitted the castle than Matilda, who felt herself deeply interested for the young peasant, since she had seen him condemned to death in the hall, and whose thoughts had been taken up with concerting measures to save him, was informed by some of the female attendants that Manfred had despatched all his men various ways in pursuit of Isabella. He had in his hurry given this order in general terms, not meaning to extend it to the guard he had set upon Theodore, but forgetting it. The domestics, officious to obey so peremptory a Prince, and urged by their own curiosity and love of novelty to join in any precipitate chase, had to a man left the castle. Matilda disengaged herself from her women, stole up to the black tower, and unbolting the door, presented herself to the astonished Theodore.

"Young man," said she, "though filial duty and womanly modesty condemn the step I am taking, yet holy charity, surmounting all other ties, justifies this act. Fly; the doors of thy prison are open: my

father and  
his domestics are absent; but they may soon return. Be gone in  
safety;  
and may the angels of heaven direct thy course!”

“Thou art surely one of those angels!” said the enraptured  
Theodore:

“none but a blessed saint could speak, could act—could  
look—like thee.

May I not know the name of my divine protectress? Methought  
thou namedst

thy father. Is it possible? Can Manfred’s blood feel holy  
pity! Lovely

Lady, thou answerest not. But how art thou here thyself? Why  
dost thou

neglect thy own safety, and waste a thought on a wretch like  
Theodore?

Let us fly together: the life thou bestowest shall be  
dedicated to thy  
defence.”

“Alas! thou mistakest,” said Matilda, signing: “I am Manfred’s  
daughter,  
but no dangers await me.”

“Amazement!” said Theodore; “but last night I blessed myself  
for yielding  
thee the service thy gracious compassion so charitably returns  
me now.”

“Still thou art in an error,” said the Princess; “but this is  
no time for

explanation. Fly, virtuous youth, while it is in my power to  
save thee:

should my father return, thou and I both should indeed have  
cause to

tremble.”



“How!” said Theodore; “thinkest thou, charming maid, that I will accept of life at the hazard of aught calamitous to thee? Better I endured a thousand deaths.”

“I run no risk,” said Matilda, “but by thy delay. Depart; it cannot be known that I have assisted thy flight.”

“Swear by the saints above,” said Theodore, “that thou canst not be suspected; else here I vow to await whatever can befall me.”

“Oh! thou art too generous,” said Matilda; “but rest assured that no suspicion can alight on me.”

“Give me thy beauteous hand in token that thou dost not deceive me,” said Theodore; “and let me bathe it with the warm tears of gratitude.”

“Forbear!” said the Princess; “this must not be.”

“Alas!” said Theodore, “I have never known but calamity until this hour—perhaps shall never know other fortune again: suffer the chaste raptures of holy gratitude: ’tis my soul would print its effusions on thy hand.”

“Forbear, and be gone,” said Matilda. “How would Isabella approve of seeing thee at my feet?”

“Who is Isabella?” said the young man with surprise.

“Ah, me! I fear,” said the Princess, “I am serving a deceitful

one.

Hast thou forgot thy curiosity this morning?"

"Thy looks, thy actions, all thy beauteous self seem an emanation of divinity," said Theodore; "but thy words are dark and mysterious. Speak, Lady; speak to thy servant's comprehension."

"Thou understandest but too well!" said Matilda; "but once more I command thee to be gone: thy blood, which I may preserve, will be on my head, if I waste the time in vain discourse."

"I go, Lady," said Theodore, "because it is thy will, and because I would not bring the grey hairs of my father with sorrow to the grave. Say but, adored Lady, that I have thy gentle pity."

"Stay," said Matilda; "I will conduct thee to the subterraneous vault by which Isabella escaped; it will lead thee to the church of St. Nicholas, where thou mayst take sanctuary."

"What!" said Theodore, "was it another, and not thy lovely self that I assisted to find the subterraneous passage?"

"It was," said Matilda; "but ask no more; I tremble to see thee still abide here; fly to the sanctuary."

"To sanctuary," said Theodore; "no, Princess; sanctuaries are for helpless damsels, or for criminals. Theodore's soul is free from guilt,

nor will wear the appearance of it. Give me a sword, Lady, and thy father shall learn that Theodore scorns an ignominious flight."

"Rash youth!" said Matilda; "thou wouldst not dare to lift thy presumptuous arm against the Prince of Otranto?"

"Not against thy father; indeed, I dare not," said Theodore. "Excuse me, Lady; I had forgotten. But could I gaze on thee, and remember thou art sprung from the tyrant Manfred! But he is thy father, and from this moment my injuries are buried in oblivion."

A deep and hollow groan, which seemed to come from above, startled the Princess and Theodore.

"Good heaven! we are overheard!" said the Princess. They listened; but perceiving no further noise, they both concluded it the effect of pent-up vapours. And the Princess, preceding Theodore softly, carried him to her father's armoury, where, equipping him with a complete suit, he was conducted by Matilda to the postern-gate.

"Avoid the town," said the Princess, "and all the western side of the castle. 'Tis there the search must be making by Manfred and the strangers; but hie thee to the opposite quarter. Yonder behind that forest to the east is a chain of rocks, hollowed into a labyrinth of

caverns that reach to the sea coast. There thou mayst lie  
concealed,  
till thou canst make signs to some vessel to put on shore, and  
take thee  
off. Go! heaven be thy guide!—and sometimes in thy prayers  
remember—Matilda!”

Theodore flung himself at her feet, and seizing her lily hand,  
which with  
struggles she suffered him to kiss, he vowed on the earliest  
opportunity  
to get himself knighted, and fervently entreated her  
permission to swear  
himself eternally her knight. Ere the Princess could reply, a  
clap of  
thunder was suddenly heard that shook the battlements.  
Theodore,  
regardless of the tempest, would have urged his suit: but the  
Princess,  
dismayed, retreated hastily into the castle, and commanded the  
youth to  
be gone with an air that would not be disobeyed. He sighed,  
and retired,  
but with eyes fixed on the gate, until Matilda, closing it,  
put an end to  
an interview, in which the hearts of both had drunk so deeply  
of a  
passion, which both now tasted for the first time.

Theodore went pensively to the convent, to acquaint his father  
with his  
deliverance. There he learned the absence of Jerome, and the  
pursuit  
that was making after the Lady Isabella, with some particulars  
of whose  
story he now first became acquainted. The generous gallantry  
of his

nature prompted him to wish to assist her; but the Monks could lend him no lights to guess at the route she had taken. He was not tempted to wander far in search of her, for the idea of Matilda had imprinted itself so strongly on his heart, that he could not bear to absent himself at much distance from her abode. The tenderness Jerome had expressed for him concurred to confirm this reluctance; and he even persuaded himself that filial affection was the chief cause of his hovering between the castle and monastery.

Until Jerome should return at night, Theodore at length determined to repair to the forest that Matilda had pointed out to him. Arriving there, he sought the gloomiest shades, as best suited to the pleasing melancholy that reigned in his mind. In this mood he roved insensibly to the caves which had formerly served as a retreat to hermits, and were now reported round the country to be haunted by evil spirits. He recollected to have heard this tradition; and being of a brave and adventurous disposition, he willingly indulged his curiosity in exploring the secret recesses of this labyrinth. He had not penetrated far before he thought he heard the steps of some person who seemed to retreat before him.

Theodore, though firmly grounded in all our holy faith enjoins to be believed, had no apprehension that good men were abandoned without cause to the malice of the powers of darkness. He thought the place more likely to be infested by robbers than by those infernal agents who are reported to molest and bewilder travellers. He had long burned with impatience to approve his valour. Drawing his sabre, he marched sedately onwards, still directing his steps as the imperfect rustling sound before him led the way. The armour he wore was a like indication to the person who avoided him. Theodore, now convinced that he was not mistaken, redoubled his pace, and evidently gained on the person that fled, whose haste increasing, Theodore came up just as a woman fell breathless before him. He hastened to raise her, but her terror was so great that he apprehended she would faint in his arms. He used every gentle word to dispel her alarms, and assured her that far from injuring, he would defend her at the peril of his life. The Lady recovering her spirits from his courteous demeanour, and gazing on her protector, said—

“Sure, I have heard that voice before!”

“Not to my knowledge,” replied Theodore; “unless, as I conjecture, thou

art the Lady Isabella.”

“Merciful heaven!” cried she. “Thou art not sent in quest of me, art thou?” And saying those words, she threw herself at his feet, and besought him not to deliver her up to Manfred.

“To Manfred!” cried Theodore—“no, Lady; I have once already delivered thee from his tyranny, and it shall fare hard with me now, but I will place thee out of the reach of his daring.”

“Is it possible,” said she, “that thou shouldst be the generous unknown whom I met last night in the vault of the castle? Sure thou art not a mortal, but my guardian angel. On my knees, let me thank—”

“Hold! gentle Princess,” said Theodore, “nor demean thyself before a poor and friendless young man. If heaven has selected me for thy deliverer, it will accomplish its work, and strengthen my arm in thy cause. But come, Lady, we are too near the mouth of the cavern; let us seek its inmost recesses. I can have no tranquillity till I have placed thee beyond the reach of danger.”

“Alas! what mean you, sir?” said she. “Though all your actions are noble, though your sentiments speak the purity of your soul, is it fitting that I should accompany you alone into these perplexed retreats?”

Should we be found together, what would a censorious world think of my conduct?"

"I respect your virtuous delicacy," said Theodore; "nor do you harbour a suspicion that wounds my honour. I meant to conduct you into the most private cavity of these rocks, and then at the hazard of my life to guard their entrance against every living thing. Besides, Lady," continued he, drawing a deep sigh, "beauteous and all perfect as your form is, and though my wishes are not guiltless of aspiring, know, my soul is dedicated to another; and although—" A sudden noise prevented Theodore from proceeding. They soon distinguished these sounds—

"Isabella! what, ho! Isabella!" The trembling Princess relapsed into her former agony of fear. Theodore endeavoured to encourage her, but in vain. He assured her he would die rather than suffer her to return under Manfred's power; and begging her to remain concealed, he went forth to prevent the person in search of her from approaching.

At the mouth of the cavern he found an armed Knight, discoursing with a peasant, who assured him he had seen a lady enter the passes of the rock.

The Knight was preparing to seek her, when Theodore, placing himself in his way, with his sword drawn, sternly forbid him at his peril to



advance.

“And who art thou, who darest to cross my way?” said the Knight,  
haughtily.

“One who does not dare more than he will perform,” said Theodore.

“I seek the Lady Isabella,” said the Knight, “and understand she has  
taken refuge among these rocks. Impede me not, or thou wilt  
repent  
having provoked my resentment.”

“Thy purpose is as odious as thy resentment is contemptible,”  
said  
Theodore. “Return whence thou camest, or we shall soon know  
whose  
resentment is most terrible.”

The stranger, who was the principal Knight that had arrived from the  
Marquis of Vicenza, had galloped from Manfred as he was busied  
in getting  
information of the Princess, and giving various orders to  
prevent her  
falling into the power of the three Knights. Their chief had  
suspected  
Manfred of being privy to the Princess’s absconding, and this  
insult from  
a man, who he concluded was stationed by that Prince to  
secrete her,  
confirming his suspicions, he made no reply, but discharging a  
blow with  
his sabre at Theodore, would soon have removed all  
obstruction, if  
Theodore, who took him for one of Manfred’s captains, and who

had no  
sooner given the provocation than prepared to support it, had  
not  
received the stroke on his shield. The valour that had so long  
been  
smothered in his breast broke forth at once; he rushed  
impetuously on the  
Knight, whose pride and wrath were not less powerful  
incentives to hardy  
deeds. The combat was furious, but not long. Theodore wounded  
the  
Knight in three several places, and at last disarmed him as he  
fainted by  
the loss of blood.

The peasant, who had fled on the first onset, had given the  
alarm to some  
of Manfred's domestics, who, by his orders, were dispersed  
through the  
forest in pursuit of Isabella. They came up as the Knight  
fell, whom  
they soon discovered to be the noble stranger. Theodore,  
notwithstanding  
his hatred to Manfred, could not behold the victory he had  
gained without  
emotions of pity and generosity. But he was more touched when  
he learned  
the quality of his adversary, and was informed that he was no  
retainer,  
but an enemy, of Manfred. He assisted the servants of the  
latter in  
disarming the Knight, and in endeavouring to stanch the blood  
that flowed  
from his wounds. The Knight recovering his speech, said, in a  
faint and  
faltering voice—

“Generous foe, we have both been in an error. I took thee for an instrument of the tyrant; I perceive thou hast made the like mistake. It is too late for excuses. I faint. If Isabella is at hand—call her—I have important secrets to—”

“He is dying!” said one of the attendants; “has nobody a crucifix about them? Andrea, do thou pray over him.”

“Fetch some water,” said Theodore, “and pour it down his throat, while I hasten to the Princess.”

Saying this, he flew to Isabella, and in few words told her modestly that he had been so unfortunate by mistake as to wound a gentleman from her father’s court, who wished, ere he died, to impart something of consequence to her.

The Princess, who had been transported at hearing the voice of Theodore, as he called to her to come forth, was astonished at what she heard.

Suffering herself to be conducted by Theodore, the new proof of whose valour recalled her dispersed spirits, she came where the bleeding Knight lay speechless on the ground. But her fears returned when she beheld the domestics of Manfred. She would again have fled if Theodore had not made her observe that they were unarmed, and had not threatened them with

instant death if they should dare to seize the Princess.

The stranger, opening his eyes, and beholding a woman, said,  
“Art  
thou—pray tell me truly—art thou Isabella of Vicenza?”

“I am,” said she: “good heaven restore thee!”

“Then thou—then thou”—said the Knight, struggling for  
utterance—“seest—thy father. Give me one—”

“Oh! amazement! horror! what do I hear! what do I see!” cried  
Isabella.

“My father! You my father! How came you here, Sir? For  
heaven’s sake,  
speak! Oh! run for help, or he will expire!”

“’Tis most true,” said the wounded Knight, exerting all his  
force; “I am  
Frederic thy father. Yes, I came to deliver thee. It will not  
be. Give  
me a parting kiss, and take—”

“Sir,” said Theodore, “do not exhaust yourself; suffer us to  
convey you  
to the castle.”

“To the castle!” said Isabella. “Is there no help nearer than  
the  
castle? Would you expose my father to the tyrant? If he goes  
thither, I  
dare not accompany him; and yet, can I leave him!”

“My child,” said Frederic, “it matters not for me whither I am  
carried.

A few minutes will place me beyond danger; but while I have  
eyes to dote  
on thee, forsake me not, dear Isabella! This brave Knight—I  
know not who

he is—will protect thy innocence. Sir, you will not abandon my child, will you?”

Theodore, shedding tears over his victim, and vowing to guard the Princess at the expense of his life, persuaded Frederic to suffer himself to be conducted to the castle. They placed him on a horse belonging to one of the domestics, after binding up his wounds as well as they were able. Theodore marched by his side; and the afflicted Isabella, who could not bear to quit him, followed mournfully behind.

#### CHAPTER IV.

The sorrowful troop no sooner arrived at the castle, than they were met by Hippolita and Matilda, whom Isabella had sent one of the domestics before to advertise of their approach. The ladies causing Frederic to be conveyed into the nearest chamber, retired, while the surgeons examined his wounds. Matilda blushed at seeing Theodore and Isabella together; but endeavoured to conceal it by embracing the latter, and condoling with her on her father's mischance. The surgeons soon came to acquaint Hippolita that none of the Marquis's wounds were dangerous; and that he was desirous of seeing his daughter and the Princesses.

Theodore, under pretence of expressing his joy at being freed from his

apprehensions of the combat being fatal to Frederic, could not resist the impulse of following Matilda. Her eyes were so often cast down on meeting his, that Isabella, who regarded Theodore as attentively as he gazed on Matilda, soon divined who the object was that he had told her in the cave engaged his affections. While this mute scene passed, Hippolita demanded of Frederic the cause of his having taken that mysterious course for reclaiming his daughter; and threw in various apologies to excuse her Lord for the match contracted between their children.

Frederic, however incensed against Manfred, was not insensible to the courtesy and benevolence of Hippolita: but he was still more struck with the lovely form of Matilda. Wishing to detain them by his bedside, he informed Hippolita of his story. He told her that, while prisoner to the infidels, he had dreamed that his daughter, of whom he had learned no news since his captivity, was detained in a castle, where she was in danger of the most dreadful misfortunes: and that if he obtained his liberty, and repaired to a wood near Joppa, he would learn more. Alarmed at this dream, and incapable of obeying the direction given by it, his chains became more grievous than ever. But while his thoughts were occupied on the means of obtaining his liberty, he received

the agreeable  
news that the confederate Princes who were warring in  
Palestine had paid  
his ransom. He instantly set out for the wood that had been  
marked in  
his dream.

For three days he and his attendants had wandered in the  
forest without  
seeing a human form: but on the evening of the third they came  
to a cell,  
in which they found a venerable hermit in the agonies of  
death. Applying  
rich cordials, they brought the fainting man to his speech.

“My sons,” said he, “I am bounden to your charity—but it is in  
vain—I am  
going to my eternal rest—yet I die with the satisfaction of  
performing  
the will of heaven. When first I repaired to this solitude,  
after seeing  
my country become a prey to unbelievers—it is alas! above  
fifty years  
since I was witness to that dreadful scene! St. Nicholas  
appeared to me,  
and revealed a secret, which he bade me never disclose to  
mortal man, but  
on my death-bed. This is that tremendous hour, and ye are no  
doubt the  
chosen warriors to whom I was ordered to reveal my trust. As  
soon as ye  
have done the last offices to this wretched corpse, dig under  
the seventh  
tree on the left hand of this poor cave, and your pains  
will—Oh! good  
heaven receive my soul!” With those words the devout man  
breathed his

last.

“By break of day,” continued Frederic, “when we had committed the holy relics to earth, we dug according to direction. But what was our astonishment when about the depth of six feet we discovered an enormous sabre—the very weapon yonder in the court. On the blade, which was then partly out of the scabbard, though since closed by our efforts in removing it, were written the following lines—no; excuse me, Madam,” added the Marquis, turning to Hippolita; “if I forbear to repeat them: I respect your sex and rank, and would not be guilty of offending your ear with sounds injurious to aught that is dear to you.”

He paused. Hippolita trembled. She did not doubt but Frederic was destined by heaven to accomplish the fate that seemed to threaten her house. Looking with anxious fondness at Matilda, a silent tear stole down her cheek: but recollecting herself, she said—

“Proceed, my Lord; heaven does nothing in vain; mortals must receive its divine behests with lowliness and submission. It is our part to deprecate its wrath, or bow to its decrees. Repeat the sentence, my Lord; we listen resigned.”

Frederic was grieved that he had proceeded so far. The dignity and



patient firmness of Hippolita penetrated him with respect, and the tender silent affection with which the Princess and her daughter regarded each other, melted him almost to tears. Yet apprehensive that his forbearance to obey would be more alarming, he repeated in a faltering and low voice the following lines:

“Where'er a casque that suits this sword is found,  
With perils is thy daughter compass'd round;  
\_Alfonso's\_ blood alone can save the maid,  
And quiet a long restless Prince's shade.”

“What is there in these lines,” said Theodore impatiently, “that affects these Princesses? Why were they to be shocked by a mysterious delicacy, that has so little foundation?”

“Your words are rude, young man,” said the Marquis; “and though fortune has favoured you once—”

“My honoured Lord,” said Isabella, who resented Theodore's warmth, which she perceived was dictated by his sentiments for Matilda, “discompose not yourself for the glosing of a peasant's son: he forgets the reverence he owes you; but he is not accustomed—”

Hippolita, concerned at the heat that had arisen, checked Theodore for his boldness, but with an air acknowledging his zeal; and changing the conversation, demanded of Frederic where he had left her Lord?

As the  
Marquis was going to reply, they heard a noise without, and  
rising to  
inquire the cause, Manfred, Jerome, and part of the troop, who  
had met an  
imperfect rumour of what had happened, entered the chamber.  
Manfred  
advanced hastily towards Frederic's bed to condole with him on  
his  
misfortune, and to learn the circumstances of the combat, when  
starting  
in an agony of terror and amazement, he cried—

“Ha! what art thou? thou dreadful spectre! is my hour come?”

“My dearest, gracious Lord,” cried Hippolita, clasping him in  
her arms,

“what is it you see! Why do you fix your eye-balls thus?”

“What!” cried Manfred breathless; “dost thou see nothing,  
Hippolita? Is  
this ghastly phantom sent to me alone—to rue, who did not—”

“For mercy's sweetest self, my Lord,” said Hippolita, “resume  
your soul,  
command your reason. There is none here, but us, your  
friends.”

“What, is not that Alfonso?” cried Manfred. “Dost thou not see  
him? can  
it be my brain's delirium?”

“This! my Lord,” said Hippolita; “this is Theodore, the youth  
who has  
been so unfortunate.”

“Theodore!” said Manfred mournfully, and striking his  
forehead; “Theodore  
or a phantom, he has unhinged the soul of Manfred. But how

comes he  
here? and how comes he in armour?"

"I believe he went in search of Isabella," said Hippolita.

"Of Isabella!" said Manfred, relapsing into rage; "yes, yes, that is not doubtful—. But how did he escape from duration in which I left him? Was it Isabella, or this hypocritical old Friar, that procured his enlargement?"

"And would a parent be criminal, my Lord," said Theodore, "if he meditated the deliverance of his child?"

Jerome, amazed to hear himself in a manner accused by his son, and without foundation, knew not what to think. He could not comprehend how Theodore had escaped, how he came to be armed, and to encounter Frederic. Still he would not venture to ask any questions that might tend to inflame Manfred's wrath against his son. Jerome's silence convinced Manfred that he had contrived Theodore's release.

"And is it thus, thou ungrateful old man," said the Prince, addressing himself to the Friar, "that thou repayest mine and Hippolita's bounties? And not content with traversing my heart's nearest wishes, thou armest thy bastard, and bringest him into my own castle to insult me!"

"My Lord," said Theodore, "you wrong my father: neither he nor I are

capable of harbouring a thought against your peace. Is it insolence thus to surrender myself to your Highness's pleasure?" added he, laying his sword respectfully at Manfred's feet. "Behold my bosom; strike, my Lord, if you suspect that a disloyal thought is lodged there. There is not a sentiment engraven on my heart that does not venerate you and yours."

The grace and fervour with which Theodore uttered these words interested every person present in his favour. Even Manfred was touched—yet still possessed with his resemblance to Alfonso, his admiration was dashed with secret horror.

"Rise," said he; "thy life is not my present purpose. But tell me thy history, and how thou camest connected with this old traitor here."

"My Lord," said Jerome eagerly.

"Peace! impostor!" said Manfred; "I will not have him prompted."

"My Lord," said Theodore, "I want no assistance; my story is very brief.

I was carried at five years of age to Algiers with my mother, who had been taken by corsairs from the coast of Sicily. She died of grief in less than a twelvemonth;" the tears gushed from Jerome's eyes, on whose countenance a thousand anxious passions stood expressed.

“Before she died,” continued Theodore, “she bound a writing about my arm under my garments, which told me I was the son of the Count Falconara.”

“It is most true,” said Jerome; “I am that wretched father.”

“Again I enjoin thee silence,” said Manfred: “proceed.”

“I remained in slavery,” said Theodore, “until within these two years, when attending on my master in his cruises, I was delivered by a Christian vessel, which overpowered the pirate; and discovering myself to the captain, he generously put me on shore in Sicily; but alas! instead of finding a father, I learned that his estate, which was situated on the coast, had, during his absence, been laid waste by the Rover who had carried my mother and me into captivity: that his castle had been burnt to the ground, and that my father on his return had sold what remained, and was retired into religion in the kingdom of Naples, but where no man could inform me. Destitute and friendless, hopeless almost of attaining the transport of a parent’s embrace, I took the first opportunity of setting sail for Naples, from whence, within these six days, I wandered into this province, still supporting myself by the labour of my hands; nor until yester-morn did I believe that heaven had reserved any lot for me but peace of mind and contented poverty. This, my Lord, is

Theodore's  
story. I am blessed beyond my hope in finding a father; I am  
unfortunate  
beyond my desert in having incurred your Highness's  
displeasure."

He ceased. A murmur of approbation gently arose from the  
audience.

"This is not all," said Frederic; "I am bound in honour to add  
what he  
suppresses. Though he is modest, I must be generous; he is one  
of the  
bravest youths on Christian ground. He is warm too; and from  
the short  
knowledge I have of him, I will pledge myself for his  
veracity: if what  
he reports of himself were not true, he would not utter it—and  
for me,  
youth, I honour a frankness which becomes thy birth; but now,  
and thou  
didst offend me: yet the noble blood which flows in thy veins,  
may well  
be allowed to boil out, when it has so recently traced itself  
to its  
source. Come, my Lord," (turning to Manfred), "if I can pardon  
him,  
surely you may; it is not the youth's fault, if you took him  
for a  
spectre."

This bitter taunt galled the soul of Manfred.

"If beings from another world," replied he haughtily, "have  
power to  
impress my mind with awe, it is more than living man can do;  
nor could a  
stripling's arm."

“My Lord,” interrupted Hippolita, “your guest has occasion for repose:  
shall we not leave him to his rest?” Saying this, and taking Manfred by the hand, she took leave of Frederic, and led the company forth.

The Prince, not sorry to quit a conversation which recalled to mind the discovery he had made of his most secret sensations, suffered himself to be conducted to his own apartment, after permitting Theodore, though under engagement to return to the castle on the morrow (a condition the young man gladly accepted), to retire with his father to the convent.

Matilda and Isabella were too much occupied with their own reflections, and too little content with each other, to wish for farther converse that night. They separated each to her chamber, with more expressions of ceremony and fewer of affection than had passed between them since their childhood.

If they parted with small cordiality, they did but meet with greater impatience, as soon as the sun was risen. Their minds were in a situation that excluded sleep, and each recollected a thousand questions which she wished she had put to the other overnight. Matilda reflected that Isabella had been twice delivered by Theodore in very critical

situations, which she could not believe accidental. His eyes, it was true, had been fixed on her in Frederic's chamber; but that might have been to disguise his passion for Isabella from the fathers of both. It were better to clear this up. She wished to know the truth, lest she should wrong her friend by entertaining a passion for Isabella's lover. Thus jealousy prompted, and at the same time borrowed an excuse from friendship to justify its curiosity.

Isabella, not less restless, had better foundation for her suspicions. Both Theodore's tongue and eyes had told her his heart was engaged; it was true—yet, perhaps, Matilda might not correspond to his passion; she had ever appeared insensible to love: all her thoughts were set on heaven.

“Why did I dissuade her?” said Isabella to herself; “I am punished for my generosity; but when did they meet? where? It cannot be; I have deceived myself; perhaps last night was the first time they ever beheld each other; it must be some other object that has prepossessed his affections—if it is, I am not so unhappy as I thought; if it is not my friend Matilda—how! Can I stoop to wish for the affection of a man, who rudely and unnecessarily acquainted me with his indifference? and that at



the very moment in which common courtesy demanded at least expressions of civility. I will go to my dear Matilda, who will confirm me in this becoming pride. Man is false—I will advise with her on taking the veil: she will rejoice to find me in this disposition; and I will acquaint her that I no longer oppose her inclination for the cloister.”

In this frame of mind, and determined to open her heart entirely to Matilda, she went to that Princess’s chamber, whom she found already dressed, and leaning pensively on her arm. This attitude, so correspondent to what she felt herself, revived Isabella’s suspicions, and destroyed the confidence she had purposed to place in her friend. They blushed at meeting, and were too much novices to disguise their sensations with address. After some unmeaning questions and replies, Matilda demanded of Isabella the cause of her flight? The latter, who had almost forgotten Manfred’s passion, so entirely was she occupied by her own, concluding that Matilda referred to her last escape from the convent, which had occasioned the events of the preceding evening, replied—

“Martelli brought word to the convent that your mother was dead.”

“Oh!” said Matilda, interrupting her, “Bianca has explained that mistake

to me: on seeing me faint, she cried out, 'The Princess is dead!' and

Martelli, who had come for the usual dole to the castle—"

"And what made you faint?" said Isabella, indifferent to the rest.

Matilda blushed and stammered—

"My father—he was sitting in judgment on a criminal—"

"What criminal?" said Isabella eagerly.

"A young man," said Matilda; "I believe—"

"I think it was that young man that—"

"What, Theodore?" said Isabella.

"Yes," answered she; "I never saw him before; I do not know how he had offended my father, but as he has been of service to you, I am glad my Lord has pardoned him."

"Served me!" replied Isabella; "do you term it serving me, to wound my father, and almost occasion his death? Though it is but since yesterday that I am blessed with knowing a parent, I hope Matilda does not think I am such a stranger to filial tenderness as not to resent the boldness of that audacious youth, and that it is impossible for me ever to feel any affection for one who dared to lift his arm against the author of my being. No, Matilda, my heart abhors him; and if you still retain the friendship for me that you have vowed from your infancy, you

will detest

a man who has been on the point of making me miserable for ever."

Matilda held down her head and replied: "I hope my dearest Isabella does

not doubt her Matilda's friendship: I never beheld that youth until

yesterday; he is almost a stranger to me: but as the surgeons have

pronounced your father out of danger, you ought not to harbour uncharitable resentment against one, who I am persuaded did not know the

Marquis was related to you."

"You plead his cause very pathetically," said Isabella, "considering he

is so much a stranger to you! I am mistaken, or he returns your

charity."

"What mean you?" said Matilda.

"Nothing," said Isabella, repenting that she had given Matilda a hint of

Theodore's inclination for her. Then changing the discourse, she asked

Matilda what occasioned Manfred to take Theodore for a spectre?

"Bless me," said Matilda, "did not you observe his extreme resemblance to

the portrait of Alfonso in the gallery? I took notice of it to Bianca

even before I saw him in armour; but with the helmet on, he is the very

image of that picture."

"I do not much observe pictures," said Isabella: "much less

have I  
examined this young man so attentively as you seem to have  
done. Ah?

Matilda, your heart is in danger, but let me warn you as a  
friend, he has  
owned to me that he is in love; it cannot be with you, for  
yesterday was  
the first time you ever met—was it not?”

“Certainly,” replied Matilda; “but why does my dearest  
Isabella conclude  
from anything I have said, that”—she paused—then continuing:  
“he saw you  
first, and I am far from having the vanity to think that my  
little  
portion of charms could engage a heart devoted to you; may you  
be happy,  
Isabella, whatever is the fate of Matilda!”

“My lovely friend,” said Isabella, whose heart was too honest  
to resist a  
kind expression, “it is you that Theodore admires; I saw it; I  
am  
persuaded of it; nor shall a thought of my own happiness  
suffer me to  
interfere with yours.”

This frankness drew tears from the gentle Matilda; and  
jealousy that for  
a moment had raised a coolness between these amiable maidens  
soon gave  
way to the natural sincerity and candour of their souls. Each  
confessed  
to the other the impression that Theodore had made on her; and  
this  
confidence was followed by a struggle of generosity, each  
insisting on  
yielding her claim to her friend. At length the dignity of

Isabella's  
virtue reminding her of the preference which Theodore had  
almost declared  
for her rival, made her determine to conquer her passion, and  
cede the  
beloved object to her friend.

During this contest of amity, Hippolita entered her daughter's  
chamber.

"Madam," said she to Isabella, "you have so much tenderness  
for Matilda,  
and interest yourself so kindly in whatever affects our  
wretched house,  
that I can have no secrets with my child which are not proper  
for you to  
hear."

The princesses were all attention and anxiety.

"Know then, Madam," continued Hippolita, "and you my dearest  
Matilda,  
that being convinced by all the events of these two last  
ominous days,  
that heaven purposes the sceptre of Otranto should pass from  
Manfred's  
hands into those of the Marquis Frederic, I have been perhaps  
inspired  
with the thought of averting our total destruction by the  
union of our  
rival houses. With this view I have been proposing to Manfred,  
my lord,  
to tender this dear, dear child to Frederic, your father."

"Me to Lord Frederic!" cried Matilda; "good heavens! my  
gracious  
mother—and have you named it to my father?"

"I have," said Hippolita; "he listened benignly to my

proposal, and is  
gone to break it to the Marquis."

"Ah! wretched princess!" cried Isabella; "what hast thou done!  
what ruin  
has thy inadvertent goodness been preparing for thyself, for  
me, and for  
Matilda!"

"Ruin from me to you and to my child!" said Hippolita "what  
can this  
mean?"

"Alas!" said Isabella, "the purity of your own heart prevents  
your seeing  
the depravity of others. Manfred, your lord, that impious  
man—"

"Hold," said Hippolita; "you must not in my presence, young  
lady, mention  
Manfred with disrespect: he is my lord and husband, and—"

"Will not long be so," said Isabella, "if his wicked purposes  
can be  
carried into execution."

"This language amazes me," said Hippolita. "Your feeling,  
Isabella, is  
warm; but until this hour I never knew it betray you into  
intemperance.  
What deed of Manfred authorises you to treat him as a  
murderer, an  
assassin?"

"Thou virtuous, and too credulous Princess!" replied Isabella;  
"it is not  
thy life he aims at—it is to separate himself from thee! to  
divorce thee!  
to—"

“To divorce me!” “To divorce my mother!” cried Hippolita and Matilda at once.

“Yes,” said Isabella; “and to complete his crime, he meditates—I cannot speak it!”

“What can surpass what thou hast already uttered?” said Matilda.

Hippolita was silent. Grief choked her speech; and the recollection of Manfred’s late ambiguous discourses confirmed what she heard.

“Excellent, dear lady! madam! mother!” cried Isabella, flinging herself at Hippolita’s feet in a transport of passion; “trust me, believe me, I will die a thousand deaths sooner than consent to injure you, than yield to so odious—oh!—”

“This is too much!” cried Hippolita: “What crimes does one crime suggest! Rise, dear Isabella; I do not doubt your virtue. Oh! Matilda, this stroke is too heavy for thee! weep not, my child; and not a murmur, I charge thee. Remember, he is thy father still!”

“But you are my mother too,” said Matilda fervently; “and you are virtuous, you are guiltless!—Oh! must not I, must not I complain?”

“You must not,” said Hippolita—“come, all will yet be well. Manfred, in the agony for the loss of thy brother, knew not what he said;

perhaps

Isabella misunderstood him; his heart is good—and, my child,  
thou knowest

not all! There is a destiny hangs over us; the hand of  
Providence is

stretched out; oh! could I but save thee from the wreck! Yes,”  
continued

she in a firmer tone, “perhaps the sacrifice of myself may  
atone for all;

I will go and offer myself to this divorce—it boots not what  
becomes of

me. I will withdraw into the neighbouring monastery, and waste  
the

remainder of life in prayers and tears for my child and—the  
Prince!”

“Thou art as much too good for this world,” said Isabella, “as  
Manfred is

execrable; but think not, lady, that thy weakness shall  
determine for me.

I swear, hear me all ye angels—”

“Stop, I adjure thee,” cried Hippolita: “remember thou dost  
not depend on

thyself; thou hast a father.”

“My father is too pious, too noble,” interrupted Isabella, “to  
command an

impious deed. But should he command it; can a father enjoin a  
cursed

act? I was contracted to the son, can I wed the father? No,  
madam, no;

force should not drag me to Manfred’s hated bed. I loathe him,  
I abhor

him: divine and human laws forbid—and my friend, my dearest  
Matilda!

would I wound her tender soul by injuring her adored mother?  
my own



mother—I never have known another”—

“Oh! she is the mother of both!” cried Matilda: “can we, can we, Isabella, adore her too much?”

“My lovely children,” said the touched Hippolita, “your tenderness overpowers me—but I must not give way to it. It is not ours to make election for ourselves: heaven, our fathers, and our husbands must decide for us. Have patience until you hear what Manfred and Frederic have determined. If the Marquis accepts Matilda’s hand, I know she will readily obey. Heaven may interpose and prevent the rest. What means my child?” continued she, seeing Matilda fall at her feet with a flood of speechless tears—“But no; answer me not, my daughter: I must not hear a word against the pleasure of thy father.”

“Oh! doubt not my obedience, my dreadful obedience to him and to you!” said Matilda. “But can I, most respected of women, can I experience all this tenderness, this world of goodness, and conceal a thought from the best of mothers?”

“What art thou going to utter?” said Isabella trembling. “Recollect thyself, Matilda.”

“No, Isabella,” said the Princess, “I should not deserve this incomparable parent, if the inmost recesses of my soul

harboured a  
thought without her permission—nay, I have offended her; I  
have suffered  
a passion to enter my heart without her avowal—but here I  
disclaim it;  
here I vow to heaven and her—”

“My child! my child;” said Hippolita, “what words are these!  
what new  
calamities has fate in store for us! Thou, a passion? Thou, in  
this  
hour of destruction—”

“Oh! I see all my guilt!” said Matilda. “I abhor myself, if I  
cost my  
mother a pang. She is the dearest thing I have on earth—Oh! I  
will  
never, never behold him more!”

“Isabella,” said Hippolita, “thou art conscious to this  
unhappy secret,  
whatever it is. Speak!”

“What!” cried Matilda, “have I so forfeited my mother’s love,  
that she  
will not permit me even to speak my own guilt? oh! wretched,  
wretched  
Matilda!”

“Thou art too cruel,” said Isabella to Hippolita: “canst thou  
behold this  
anguish of a virtuous mind, and not commiserate it?”

“Not pity my child!” said Hippolita, catching Matilda in her  
arms—“Oh! I  
know she is good, she is all virtue, all tenderness, and duty.  
I do  
forgive thee, my excellent, my only hope!”

The princesses then revealed to Hippolita their mutual inclination for Theodore, and the purpose of Isabella to resign him to Matilda.

Hippolita blamed their imprudence, and showed them the improbability that either father would consent to bestow his heiress on so poor a man, though nobly born. Some comfort it gave her to find their passion of so recent a date, and that Theodore had had but little cause to suspect it in either. She strictly enjoined them to avoid all correspondence with him. This Matilda fervently promised: but Isabella, who flattered herself that she meant no more than to promote his union with her friend, could not determine to avoid him; and made no reply.

"I will go to the convent," said Hippolita, "and order new masses to be said for a deliverance from these calamities."

"Oh! my mother," said Matilda, "you mean to quit us: you mean to take sanctuary, and to give my father an opportunity of pursuing his fatal intention. Alas! on my knees I supplicate you to forbear; will you leave me a prey to Frederic? I will follow you to the convent."

"Be at peace, my child," said Hippolita: "I will return instantly. I will never abandon thee, until I know it is the will of heaven, and for thy benefit."

“Do not deceive me,” said Matilda. “I will not marry Frederic until thou commandest it. Alas! what will become of me?”

“Why that exclamation?” said Hippolita. “I have promised thee to return—”

“Ah! my mother,” replied Matilda, “stay and save me from myself. A frown from thee can do more than all my father’s severity. I have given away my heart, and you alone can make me recall it.”

“No more,” said Hippolita; “thou must not relapse, Matilda.”

“I can quit Theodore,” said she, “but must I wed another? let me attend thee to the altar, and shut myself from the world for ever.”

“Thy fate depends on thy father,” said Hippolita; “I have ill-bestowed my tenderness, if it has taught thee to revere aught beyond him. Adieu! my child: I go to pray for thee.”

Hippolita’s real purpose was to demand of Jerome, whether in conscience she might not consent to the divorce. She had oft urged Manfred to resign the principality, which the delicacy of her conscience rendered an hourly burthen to her. These scruples concurred to make the separation from her husband appear less dreadful to her than it would have seemed in any other situation.

Jerome, at quitting the castle overnight, had questioned

Theodore

severely why he had accused him to Manfred of being privy to his escape.

Theodore owned it had been with design to prevent Manfred's suspicion

from alighting on Matilda; and added, the holiness of Jerome's life and

character secured him from the tyrant's wrath. Jerome was heartily

grieved to discover his son's inclination for that princess; and leaving

him to his rest, promised in the morning to acquaint him with important

reasons for conquering his passion.

Theodore, like Isabella, was too recently acquainted with parental

authority to submit to its decisions against the impulse of his heart.

He had little curiosity to learn the Friar's reasons, and less disposition to obey them. The lovely Matilda had made stronger impressions on him than filial affection. All night he pleased himself

with visions of love; and it was not till late after the morning-office,

that he recollected the Friar's commands to attend him at Alfonso's tomb.

"Young man," said Jerome, when he saw him, "this tardiness does not

please me. Have a father's commands already so little weight?"

Theodore made awkward excuses, and attributed his delay to having

overslept himself.

"And on whom were thy dreams employed?" said the Friar sternly. His son

blushed. "Come, come," resumed the Friar, "inconsiderate youth, this must not be; eradicate this guilty passion from thy breast—"

"Guilty passion!" cried Theodore: "Can guilt dwell with innocent beauty and virtuous modesty?"

"It is sinful," replied the Friar, "to cherish those whom heaven has doomed to destruction. A tyrant's race must be swept from the earth to the third and fourth generation."

"Will heaven visit the innocent for the crimes of the guilty?" said Theodore. "The fair Matilda has virtues enough—"

"To undo thee:" interrupted Jerome. "Hast thou so soon forgotten that twice the savage Manfred has pronounced thy sentence?"

"Nor have I forgotten, sir," said Theodore, "that the charity of his daughter delivered me from his power. I can forget injuries, but never benefits."

"The injuries thou hast received from Manfred's race," said the Friar, "are beyond what thou canst conceive. Reply not, but view this holy image! Beneath this marble monument rest the ashes of the good Alfonso; a prince adorned with every virtue: the father of his people! the delight of mankind! Kneel, headstrong boy, and list, while a father unfolds a tale of horror that will expel every sentiment from thy soul,

but  
sensations of sacred vengeance—Alfonso! much injured prince!  
let thy  
unsatisfied shade sit awful on the troubled air, while these  
trembling  
lips—Ha! who comes there?—”

“The most wretched of women!” said Hippolita, entering the  
choir. “Good  
Father, art thou at leisure?—but why this kneeling youth? what  
means the  
horror imprinted on each countenance? why at this venerable  
tomb—alas!  
hast thou seen aught?”

“We were pouring forth our orisons to heaven,” replied the  
Friar, with  
some confusion, “to put an end to the woes of this deplorable  
province.  
Join with us, Lady! thy spotless soul may obtain an exemption  
from the  
judgments which the portents of these days but too speakingly  
denounce  
against thy house.”

“I pray fervently to heaven to divert them,” said the pious  
Princess.

“Thou knowest it has been the occupation of my life to wrest a  
blessing  
for my Lord and my harmless children.—One alas! is taken from  
me! would  
heaven but hear me for my poor Matilda! Father! intercede for  
her!”

“Every heart will bless her,” cried Theodore with rapture.

“Be dumb, rash youth!” said Jerome. “And thou, fond Princess,  
contend

not with the Powers above! the Lord giveth, and the Lord  
taketh away:

bless His holy name, and submit to his decrees."

"I do most devoutly," said Hippolita; "but will He not spare  
my only  
comfort? must Matilda perish too?—ah! Father, I came—but  
dismiss thy  
son. No ear but thine must hear what I have to utter."

"May heaven grant thy every wish, most excellent Princess!"  
said Theodore  
retiring. Jerome frowned.

Hippolita then acquainted the Friar with the proposal she had  
suggested  
to Manfred, his approbation of it, and the tender of Matilda  
that he was  
gone to make to Frederic. Jerome could not conceal his dislike  
of the  
notion, which he covered under pretence of the improbability  
that  
Frederic, the nearest of blood to Alfonso, and who was come to  
claim his  
succession, would yield to an alliance with the usurper of his  
right.

But nothing could equal the perplexity of the Friar, when  
Hippolita  
confessed her readiness not to oppose the separation, and  
demanded his  
opinion on the legality of her acquiescence. The Friar caught  
eagerly at  
her request of his advice, and without explaining his aversion  
to the  
proposed marriage of Manfred and Isabella, he painted to  
Hippolita in the  
most alarming colours the sinfulness of her consent, denounced  
judgments



against her if she complied, and enjoined her in the severest terms to treat any such proposition with every mark of indignation and refusal.

Manfred, in the meantime, had broken his purpose to Frederic, and proposed the double marriage. That weak Prince, who had been struck with the charms of Matilda, listened but too eagerly to the offer. He forgot his enmity to Manfred, whom he saw but little hope of dispossessing by force; and flattering himself that no issue might succeed from the union of his daughter with the tyrant, he looked upon his own succession to the principality as facilitated by wedding Matilda. He made faint opposition to the proposal; affecting, for form only, not to acquiesce unless Hippolita should consent to the divorce. Manfred took that upon himself.

Transported with his success, and impatient to see himself in a situation to expect sons, he hastened to his wife's apartment, determined to extort her compliance. He learned with indignation that she was absent at the convent. His guilt suggested to him that she had probably been informed by Isabella of his purpose. He doubted whether her retirement to the convent did not import an intention of remaining there, until she could raise obstacles to their divorce; and the suspicions he had

already  
entertained of Jerome, made him apprehend that the Friar would  
not only  
traverse his views, but might have inspired Hippolita with the  
resolution  
of talking sanctuary. Impatient to unravel this clue, and to  
defeat its  
success, Manfred hastened to the convent, and arrived there as  
the Friar  
was earnestly exhorting the Princess never to yield to the  
divorce.

“Madam,” said Manfred, “what business drew you hither? why did  
you not  
await my return from the Marquis?”

“I came to implore a blessing on your councils,” replied  
Hippolita.

“My councils do not need a Friar’s intervention,” said  
Manfred; “and of  
all men living is that hoary traitor the only one whom you  
delight to  
confer with?”

“Profane Prince!” said Jerome; “is it at the altar that thou  
choosest to  
insult the servants of the altar?—but, Manfred, thy impious  
schemes are  
known. Heaven and this virtuous lady know them—nay, frown not,  
Prince.

The Church despises thy menaces. Her thunders will be heard  
above thy  
wrath. Dare to proceed in thy cursed purpose of a divorce,  
until her  
sentence be known, and here I lance her anathema at thy head.”

“Audacious rebel!” said Manfred, endeavouring to conceal the

awe with

which the Friar's words inspired him. "Dost thou presume to threaten thy lawful Prince?"

"Thou art no lawful Prince," said Jerome; "thou art no Prince—go, discuss thy claim with Frederic; and when that is done—"

"It is done," replied Manfred; "Frederic accepts Matilda's hand, and is content to waive his claim, unless I have no male issue"—as he spoke

those words three drops of blood fell from the nose of Alfonso's statue.

Manfred turned pale, and the Princess sank on her knees.

"Behold!" said the Friar; "mark this miraculous indication that the blood of Alfonso will never mix with that of Manfred!"

"My gracious Lord," said Hippolita, "let us submit ourselves to heaven.

Think not thy ever obedient wife rebels against thy authority. I have no

will but that of my Lord and the Church. To that revered tribunal let us

appeal. It does not depend on us to burst the bonds that unite us. If

the Church shall approve the dissolution of our marriage, be it so—I have

but few years, and those of sorrow, to pass. Where can they be worn away

so well as at the foot of this altar, in prayers for thine and Matilda's safety?"

"But thou shalt not remain here until then," said Manfred.

“Repair with  
me to the castle, and there I will advise on the proper  
measures for a  
divorce;—but this meddling Friar comes not thither; my  
hospitable roof  
shall never more harbour a traitor—and for thy Reverence’s  
offspring,”  
continued he, “I banish him from my dominions. He, I ween, is  
no sacred  
personage, nor under the protection of the Church. Whoever  
weds  
Isabella, it shall not be Father Falconara’s started-up son.”

“They start up,” said the Friar, “who are suddenly beheld in  
the seat of  
lawful Princes; but they wither away like the grass, and their  
place  
knows them no more.”

Manfred, casting a look of scorn at the Friar, led Hippolita  
forth; but  
at the door of the church whispered one of his attendants to  
remain  
concealed about the convent, and bring him instant notice, if  
any one  
from the castle should repair thither.

## CHAPTER V.

Every reflection which Manfred made on the Friar’s behaviour,  
conspired  
to persuade him that Jerome was privy to an amour between  
Isabella and  
Theodore. But Jerome’s new presumption, so dissonant from his  
former  
meekness, suggested still deeper apprehensions. The Prince  
even  
suspected that the Friar depended on some secret support from

Frederic,  
whose arrival, coinciding with the novel appearance of  
Theodore, seemed  
to bespeak a correspondence. Still more was he troubled with  
the  
resemblance of Theodore to Alfonso's portrait. The latter he  
knew had  
unquestionably died without issue. Frederic had consented to  
bestow  
Isabella on him. These contradictions agitated his mind with  
numberless  
pangs.

He saw but two methods of extricating himself from his  
difficulties. The  
one was to resign his dominions to the Marquis—pride,  
ambition, and his  
reliance on ancient prophecies, which had pointed out a  
possibility of  
his preserving them to his posterity, combated that thought.  
The other  
was to press his marriage with Isabella. After long ruminating  
on these  
anxious thoughts, as he marched silently with Hippolita to the  
castle, he  
at last discoursed with that Princess on the subject of his  
disquiet, and  
used every insinuating and plausible argument to extract her  
consent to,  
even her promise of promoting the divorce. Hippolita needed  
little  
persuasions to bend her to his pleasure. She endeavoured to  
win him over  
to the measure of resigning his dominions; but finding her  
exhortations  
fruitless, she assured him, that as far as her conscience  
would allow,

she would raise no opposition to a separation, though without better founded scruples than what he yet alleged, she would not engage to be active in demanding it.

This compliance, though inadequate, was sufficient to raise Manfred's hopes. He trusted that his power and wealth would easily advance his suit at the court of Rome, whither he resolved to engage Frederic to take a journey on purpose. That Prince had discovered so much passion for Matilda, that Manfred hoped to obtain all he wished by holding out or withdrawing his daughter's charms, according as the Marquis should appear more or less disposed to co-operate in his views. Even the absence of Frederic would be a material point gained, until he could take further measures for his security.

Dismissing Hippolita to her apartment, he repaired to that of the Marquis; but crossing the great hall through which he was to pass he met Bianca. The damsel he knew was in the confidence of both the young ladies. It immediately occurred to him to sift her on the subject of Isabella and Theodore. Calling her aside into the recess of the oriel window of the hall, and soothing her with many fair words and promises, he demanded of her whether she knew aught of the state of

Isabella's  
affections.

"I! my Lord! no my Lord—yes my Lord—poor Lady! she is  
wonderfully alarmed  
about her father's wounds; but I tell her he will do well;  
don't your  
Highness think so?"

"I do not ask you," replied Manfred, "what she thinks about  
her father;  
but you are in her secrets. Come, be a good girl and tell me;  
is there  
any young man—ha!—you understand me."

"Lord bless me! understand your Highness? no, not I. I told  
her a few  
vulnerary herbs and repose—"

"I am not talking," replied the Prince, impatiently, "about  
her father; I  
know he will do well."

"Bless me, I rejoice to hear your Highness say so; for though  
I thought  
it not right to let my young Lady despond, methought his  
greatness had a  
wan look, and a something—I remember when young Ferdinand was  
wounded by  
the Venetian—"

"Thou answerest from the point," interrupted Manfred; "but  
here, take  
this jewel, perhaps that may fix thy attention—nay, no  
reverences; my  
favour shall not stop here—come, tell me truly; how stands  
Isabella's  
heart?"

“Well! your Highness has such a way!” said Bianca, “to be sure—but can your Highness keep a secret? if it should ever come out of your lips—”

“It shall not, it shall not,” cried Manfred.

“Nay, but swear, your Highness.”

“By my halidame, if it should ever be known that I said it—”

“Why, truth is truth, I do not think my Lady Isabella ever much affectioned my young Lord your son; yet he was a sweet youth as one should see; I am sure, if I had been a Princess—but bless me! I must attend my Lady Matilda; she will marvel what is become of me.”

“Stay,” cried Manfred; “thou hast not satisfied my question. Hast thou ever carried any message, any letter?”

“I! good gracious!” cried Bianca; “I carry a letter? I would not to be a Queen. I hope your Highness thinks, though I am poor, I am honest. Did your Highness never hear what Count Marsigli offered me, when he came wooing to my Lady Matilda?”

“I have not leisure,” said Manfred, “to listen to thy tale. I do not question thy honesty. But it is thy duty to conceal nothing from me. How long has Isabella been acquainted with Theodore?”

“Nay, there is nothing can escape your Highness!” said Bianca; “not that



I know any thing of the matter. Theodore, to be sure, is a proper young man, and, as my Lady Matilda says, the very image of good Alfonso. Has not your Highness remarked it?"

"Yes, yes,—No—thou torturest me," said Manfred. "Where did they meet? when?"

"Who! my Lady Matilda?" said Bianca.

"No, no, not Matilda: Isabella; when did Isabella first become acquainted with this Theodore!"

"Virgin Mary!" said Bianca, "how should I know?"

"Thou dost know," said Manfred; "and I must know; I will—"

"Lord! your Highness is not jealous of young Theodore!" said Bianca.

"Jealous! no, no. Why should I be jealous? perhaps I mean to unite them—If I were sure Isabella would have no repugnance."

"Repugnance! no, I'll warrant her," said Bianca; "he is as comely a youth as ever trod on Christian ground. We are all in love with him; there is not a soul in the castle but would be rejoiced to have him for our Prince—I mean, when it shall please heaven to call your Highness to itself."

"Indeed!" said Manfred, "has it gone so far! oh! this cursed Friar!—but I must not lose time—go, Bianca, attend Isabella; but I charge

thee, not a  
word of what has passed. Find out how she is affected towards  
Theodore;  
bring me good news, and that ring has a companion. Wait at the  
foot of  
the winding staircase: I am going to visit the Marquis, and  
will talk  
further with thee at my return."

Manfred, after some general conversation, desired Frederic to  
dismiss the  
two Knights, his companions, having to talk with him on urgent  
affairs.

As soon as they were alone, he began in artful guise to sound  
the Marquis  
on the subject of Matilda; and finding him disposed to his  
wish, he let  
drop hints on the difficulties that would attend the  
celebration of their  
marriage, unless—At that instant Bianca burst into the room  
with a  
wildness in her look and gestures that spoke the utmost  
terror.

"Oh! my Lord, my Lord!" cried she; "we are all undone! it is  
come again!  
it is come again!"

"What is come again?" cried Manfred amazed.

"Oh! the hand! the Giant! the hand!—support me! I am terrified  
out of my  
senses," cried Bianca. "I will not sleep in the castle to-  
night. Where  
shall I go? my things may come after me to-morrow—would I had  
been  
content to wed Francesco! this comes of ambition!"

“What has terrified thee thus, young woman?” said the Marquis.  
“Thou art  
safe here; be not alarmed.”

“Oh! your Greatness is wonderfully good,” said Bianca, “but I  
dare  
not—no, pray let me go—I had rather leave everything behind  
me, than stay  
another hour under this roof.”

“Go to, thou hast lost thy senses,” said Manfred. “Interrupt  
us not; we  
were communing on important matters—My Lord, this wench is  
subject to  
fits—Come with me, Bianca.”

“Oh! the Saints! No,” said Bianca, “for certain it comes to  
warn your  
Highness; why should it appear to me else? I say my prayers  
morning and  
evening—oh! if your Highness had believed Diego! 'Tis the same  
hand that  
he saw the foot to in the gallery-chamber—Father Jerome has  
often told us  
the prophecy would be out one of these days—‘Bianca,’ said he,  
‘mark my  
words—’”

“Thou ravest,” said Manfred, in a rage; “be gone, and keep  
these  
fooleries to frighten thy companions.”

“What! my Lord,” cried Bianca, “do you think I have seen  
nothing? go to  
the foot of the great stairs yourself—as I live I saw it.”

“Saw what? tell us, fair maid, what thou hast seen,” said  
Frederic.

“Can your Highness listen,” said Manfred, “to the delirium of a silly wench, who has heard stories of apparitions until she believes them?”

“This is more than fancy,” said the Marquis; “her terror is too natural and too strongly impressed to be the work of imagination. Tell us, fair maiden, what it is has moved thee thus?”

“Yes, my Lord, thank your Greatness,” said Bianca; “I believe I look very pale; I shall be better when I have recovered myself—I was going to my Lady Isabella’s chamber, by his Highness’s order—”

“We do not want the circumstances,” interrupted Manfred. “Since his Highness will have it so, proceed; but be brief.”

“Lord! your Highness thwarts one so!” replied Bianca; “I fear my hair—I am sure I never in my life—well! as I was telling your Greatness, I was going by his Highness’s order to my Lady Isabella’s chamber; she lies in the watchet-coloured chamber, on the right hand, one pair of stairs: so when I came to the great stairs—I was looking on his Highness’s present here—”

“Grant me patience!” said Manfred, “will this wench never come to the point? what imports it to the Marquis, that I gave thee a bauble for thy faithful attendance on my daughter? we want to know what thou

sawest."

"I was going to tell your Highness," said Bianca, "if you would permit me. So as I was rubbing the ring—I am sure I had not gone up three steps, but I heard the rattling of armour; for all the world such a clatter as Diego says he heard when the Giant turned him about in the gallery-chamber."

"What Giant is this, my Lord?" said the Marquis; "is your castle haunted by giants and goblins?"

"Lord! what, has not your Greatness heard the story of the Giant in the gallery-chamber?" cried Bianca. "I marvel his Highness has not told you; mayhap you do not know there is a prophecy—"

"This trifling is intolerable," interrupted Manfred. "Let us dismiss this silly wench, my Lord! we have more important affairs to discuss."

"By your favour," said Frederic, "these are no trifles. The enormous sabre I was directed to in the wood, yon casque, its fellow—are these visions of this poor maiden's brain?"

"So Jaquez thinks, may it please your Greatness," said Bianca. "He says this moon will not be out without our seeing some strange revolution. For my part, I should not be surprised if it was to happen to-morrow;

for, as I was saying, when I heard the clattering of armour, I was all in a cold sweat. I looked up, and, if your Greatness will believe me, I saw upon the uppermost banister of the great stairs a hand in armour as big as big. I thought I should have swooned. I never stopped until I came hither—would I were well out of this castle. My Lady Matilda told me but yester-morning that her Highness Hippolita knows something.”

“Thou art an insolent!” cried Manfred. “Lord Marquis, it much misgives me that this scene is concerted to affront me. Are my own domestics suborned to spread tales injurious to my honour? Pursue your claim by manly daring; or let us bury our feuds, as was proposed, by the intermarriage of our children. But trust me, it ill becomes a Prince of your bearing to practise on mercenary wenches.”

“I scorn your imputation,” said Frederic. “Until this hour I never set eyes on this damsel: I have given her no jewel. My Lord, my Lord, your conscience, your guilt accuses you, and would throw the suspicion on me; but keep your daughter, and think no more of Isabella. The judgments already fallen on your house forbid me matching into it.”

Manfred, alarmed at the resolute tone in which Frederic delivered these words, endeavoured to pacify him. Dismissing Bianca, he made such

submissions to the Marquis, and threw in such artful encomiums on Matilda, that Frederic was once more staggered. However, as his passion was of so recent a date, it could not at once surmount the scruples he had conceived. He had gathered enough from Bianca's discourse to persuade him that heaven declared itself against Manfred. The proposed marriages too removed his claim to a distance; and the principality of Otranto was a stronger temptation than the contingent reversion of it with Matilda. Still he would not absolutely recede from his engagements; but purposing to gain time, he demanded of Manfred if it was true in fact that Hippolita consented to the divorce. The Prince, transported to find no other obstacle, and depending on his influence over his wife, assured the Marquis it was so, and that he might satisfy himself of the truth from her own mouth.

As they were thus discoursing, word was brought that the banquet was prepared. Manfred conducted Frederic to the great hall, where they were received by Hippolita and the young Princesses. Manfred placed the Marquis next to Matilda, and seated himself between his wife and Isabella. Hippolita comported herself with an easy gravity; but the young ladies were silent and melancholy. Manfred, who was

determined to  
pursue his point with the Marquis in the remainder of the  
evening, pushed  
on the feast until it waxed late; affecting unrestrained  
gaiety, and  
plying Frederic with repeated goblets of wine. The latter,  
more upon his  
guard than Manfred wished, declined his frequent challenges,  
on pretence  
of his late loss of blood; while the Prince, to raise his own  
disordered  
spirits, and to counterfeit unconcern, indulged himself in  
plentiful  
draughts, though not to the intoxication of his senses.

The evening being far advanced, the banquet concluded. Manfred  
would  
have withdrawn with Frederic; but the latter pleading weakness  
and want  
of repose, retired to his chamber, gallantly telling the  
Prince that his  
daughter should amuse his Highness until himself could attend  
him.

Manfred accepted the party, and to the no small grief of  
Isabella,  
accompanied her to her apartment. Matilda waited on her mother  
to enjoy  
the freshness of the evening on the ramparts of the castle.

Soon as the company were dispersed their several ways,  
Frederic, quitting  
his chamber, inquired if Hippolita was alone, and was told by  
one of her  
attendants, who had not noticed her going forth, that at that  
hour she  
generally withdrew to her oratory, where he probably would  
find her. The



Marquis, during the repast, had beheld Matilda with increase of passion.

He now wished to find Hippolita in the disposition her Lord had promised.

The portents that had alarmed him were forgotten in his desires.

Stealing softly and unobserved to the apartment of Hippolita, he entered

it with a resolution to encourage her acquiescence to the divorce, having

perceived that Manfred was resolved to make the possession of Isabella an

unalterable condition, before he would grant Matilda to his wishes.

The Marquis was not surprised at the silence that reigned in the

Princess's apartment. Concluding her, as he had been advertised, in her

oratory, he passed on. The door was ajar; the evening gloomy and

overcast. Pushing open the door gently, he saw a person kneeling before

the altar. As he approached nearer, it seemed not a woman, but one in a

long woollen weed, whose back was towards him. The person seemed

absorbed in prayer. The Marquis was about to return, when the figure,

rising, stood some moments fixed in meditation, without regarding him.

The Marquis, expecting the holy person to come forth, and meaning to

excuse his uncivil interruption, said,

"Reverend Father, I sought the Lady Hippolita."

"Hippolita!" replied a hollow voice; "camest thou to this

castle to seek

Hippolita?" and then the figure, turning slowly round, discovered to

Frederic the fleshless jaws and empty sockets of a skeleton, wrapt in a hermit's cowl.

"Angels of grace protect me!" cried Frederic, recoiling.

"Deserve their protection!" said the Spectre. Frederic, falling on his knees, adjured the phantom to take pity on him.

"Dost thou not remember me?" said the apparition. "Remember the wood of Joppa!"

"Art thou that holy hermit?" cried Frederic, trembling. "Can I do aught for thy eternal peace?"

"Wast thou delivered from bondage," said the spectre, "to pursue carnal delights? Hast thou forgotten the buried sabre, and the behest of Heaven engraven on it?"

"I have not, I have not," said Frederic; "but say, blest spirit, what is thy errand to me? What remains to be done?"

"To forget Matilda!" said the apparition; and vanished.

Frederic's blood froze in his veins. For some minutes he remained motionless. Then falling prostrate on his face before the altar, he besought the intercession of every saint for pardon. A flood of tears

succeeded to this transport; and the image of the beautiful Matilda rushing in spite of him on his thoughts, he lay on the ground in a conflict of penitence and passion. Ere he could recover from this agony of his spirits, the Princess Hippolita with a taper in her hand entered the oratory alone. Seeing a man without motion on the floor, she gave a shriek, concluding him dead. Her fright brought Frederic to himself.

Rising suddenly, his face bedewed with tears, he would have rushed from her presence; but Hippolita stopping him, conjured him in the most plaintive accents to explain the cause of his disorder, and by what strange chance she had found him there in that posture.

“Ah, virtuous Princess!” said the Marquis, penetrated with grief, and stopped.

“For the love of Heaven, my Lord,” said Hippolita, “disclose the cause of this transport! What mean these doleful sounds, this alarming exclamation on my name? What woes has heaven still in store for the wretched Hippolita? Yet silent! By every pitying angel, I adjure thee, noble Prince,” continued she, falling at his feet, “to disclose the purport of what lies at thy heart. I see thou feelest for me; thou feelest the sharp pangs that thou inflictest—speak, for pity! Does aught

thou knowest concern my child?"

"I cannot speak," cried Frederic, bursting from her. "Oh, Matilda!"

Quitting the Princess thus abruptly, he hastened to his own apartment.

At the door of it he was accosted by Manfred, who flushed by wine and

love had come to seek him, and to propose to waste some hours of the

night in music and revelling. Frederic, offended at an invitation so

dissonant from the mood of his soul, pushed him rudely aside, and

entering his chamber, flung the door intemperately against Manfred, and

bolted it inwards. The haughty Prince, enraged at this unaccountable

behaviour, withdrew in a frame of mind capable of the most fatal

excesses. As he crossed the court, he was met by the domestic whom he

had planted at the convent as a spy on Jerome and Theodore. This man,

almost breathless with the haste he had made, informed his Lord that

Theodore, and some lady from the castle were, at that instant, in private

conference at the tomb of Alfonso in St. Nicholas's church. He had

dogged Theodore thither, but the gloominess of the night had prevented

his discovering who the woman was.

Manfred, whose spirits were inflamed, and whom Isabella had driven from

her on his urging his passion with too little reserve, did not

doubt but  
the inquietude she had expressed had been occasioned by her  
impatience to  
meet Theodore. Provoked by this conjecture, and enraged at her  
father,  
he hastened secretly to the great church. Gliding softly  
between the  
aisles, and guided by an imperfect gleam of moonshine that  
shone faintly  
through the illuminated windows, he stole towards the tomb of  
Alfonso, to  
which he was directed by indistinct whispers of the persons he  
sought.

The first sounds he could distinguish were—

“Does it, alas! depend on me? Manfred will never permit our  
union.”

“No, this shall prevent it!” cried the tyrant, drawing his  
dagger, and  
plunging it over her shoulder into the bosom of the person  
that spoke.

“Ah, me, I am slain!” cried Matilda, sinking. “Good heaven,  
receive my  
soul!”

“Savage, inhuman monster, what hast thou done!” cried  
Theodore, rushing  
on him, and wrenching his dagger from him.

“Stop, stop thy impious hand!” cried Matilda; “it is my  
father!”

Manfred, waking as from a trance, beat his breast, twisted his  
hands in  
his locks, and endeavoured to recover his dagger from Theodore  
to  
despatch himself. Theodore, scarce less distracted, and only

mastering

the transports of his grief to assist Matilda, had now by his cries drawn

some of the monks to his aid. While part of them endeavoured, in concert

with the afflicted Theodore, to stop the blood of the dying Princess, the

rest prevented Manfred from laying violent hands on himself.

Matilda, resigning herself patiently to her fate, acknowledged with looks

of grateful love the zeal of Theodore. Yet oft as her faintness would

permit her speech its way, she begged the assistants to comfort her

father. Jerome, by this time, had learnt the fatal news, and reached the

church. His looks seemed to reproach Theodore, but turning to Manfred,

he said,

“Now, tyrant! behold the completion of woe fulfilled on thy impious and

devoted head! The blood of Alfonso cried to heaven for vengeance; and

heaven has permitted its altar to be polluted by assassination, that thou

mightest shed thy own blood at the foot of that Prince’s sepulchre!”

“Cruel man!” cried Matilda, “to aggravate the woes of a parent; may

heaven bless my father, and forgive him as I do! My Lord, my gracious

Sire, dost thou forgive thy child? Indeed, I came not hither to meet

Theodore. I found him praying at this tomb, whither my mother sent me to

intercede for thee, for her—dearest father, bless your child,  
and say you  
forgive her.”

“Forgive thee! Murderous monster!” cried Manfred, “can  
assassins  
forgive? I took thee for Isabella; but heaven directed my  
bloody hand to  
the heart of my child. Oh, Matilda!—I cannot utter it—canst  
thou forgive  
the blindness of my rage?”

“I can, I do; and may heaven confirm it!” said Matilda; “but  
while I have  
life to ask it—oh! my mother! what will she feel? Will you  
comfort her,  
my Lord? Will you not put her away? Indeed she loves you! Oh,  
I am  
faint! bear me to the castle. Can I live to have her close my  
eyes?”

Theodore and the monks besought her earnestly to suffer  
herself to be  
borne into the convent; but her instances were so pressing to  
be carried  
to the castle, that placing her on a litter, they conveyed her  
thither as  
she requested. Theodore, supporting her head with his arm, and  
hanging  
over her in an agony of despairing love, still endeavoured to  
inspire her  
with hopes of life. Jerome, on the other side, comforted her  
with  
discourses of heaven, and holding a crucifix before her, which  
she bathed  
with innocent tears, prepared her for her passage to  
immortality.  
Manfred, plunged in the deepest affliction, followed the

litter in  
despair.

Ere they reached the castle, Hippolita, informed of the dreadful catastrophe, had flown to meet her murdered child; but when she saw the afflicted procession, the mightiness of her grief deprived her of her senses, and she fell lifeless to the earth in a swoon. Isabella and Frederic, who attended her, were overwhelmed in almost equal sorrow.

Matilda alone seemed insensible to her own situation: every thought was lost in tenderness for her mother.

Ordering the litter to stop, as soon as Hippolita was brought to herself, she asked for her father. He approached, unable to speak. Matilda, seizing his hand and her mother's, locked them in her own, and then clasped them to her heart. Manfred could not support this act of pathetic piety. He dashed himself on the ground, and cursed the day he was born. Isabella, apprehensive that these struggles of passion were more than Matilda could support, took upon herself to order Manfred to be borne to his apartment, while she caused Matilda to be conveyed to the nearest chamber. Hippolita, scarce more alive than her daughter, was regardless of everything but her; but when the tender Isabella's care



would have likewise removed her, while the surgeons examined Matilda's wound, she cried,

"Remove me! never, never! I lived but in her, and will expire with her."

Matilda raised her eyes at her mother's voice, but closed them again without speaking. Her sinking pulse and the damp coldness of her hand soon dispelled all hopes of recovery. Theodore followed the surgeons into the outer chamber, and heard them pronounce the fatal sentence with a transport equal to frenzy.

"Since she cannot live mine," cried he, "at least she shall be mine in death! Father! Jerome! will you not join our hands?" cried he to the Friar, who, with the Marquis, had accompanied the surgeons.

"What means thy distracted rashness?" said Jerome. "Is this an hour for marriage?"

"It is, it is," cried Theodore. "Alas! there is no other!"

"Young man, thou art too unadvised," said Frederic. "Dost thou think we are to listen to thy fond transports in this hour of fate? What pretensions hast thou to the Princess?"

"Those of a Prince," said Theodore; "of the sovereign of Otranto. This reverend man, my father, has informed me who I am."

“Thou ravest,” said the Marquis. “There is no Prince of Otranto but myself, now Manfred, by murder, by sacrilegious murder, has forfeited all pretensions.”

“My Lord,” said Jerome, assuming an air of command, “he tells you true.

It was not my purpose the secret should have been divulged so soon, but fate presses onward to its work. What his hot-headed passion has revealed, my tongue confirms. Know, Prince, that when Alfonso set sail for the Holy Land—”

“Is this a season for explanations?” cried Theodore. “Father, come and unite me to the Princess; she shall be mine! In every other thing I will dutifully obey you. My life! my adored Matilda!” continued Theodore, rushing back into the inner chamber, “will you not be mine? Will you not bless your—”

Isabella made signs to him to be silent, apprehending the Princess was near her end.

“What, is she dead?” cried Theodore; “is it possible!”

The violence of his exclamations brought Matilda to herself. Lifting up her eyes, she looked round for her mother.

“Life of my soul, I am here!” cried Hippolita; “think not I will quit thee!”

“Oh! you are too good,” said Matilda. “But weep not for me, my mother!

I am going where sorrow never dwells—Isabella, thou hast loved me;

wouldst thou not supply my fondness to this dear, dear woman?

Indeed I

am faint!”

“Oh! my child! my child!” said Hippolita in a flood of tears,

“can I not

withhold thee a moment?”

“It will not be,” said Matilda; “commend me to heaven—Where is my father?

forgive him, dearest mother—forgive him my death; it was an error. Oh!

I had forgotten—dearest mother, I vowed never to see Theodore more—perhaps that has drawn down this calamity—but it was not intentional—can you pardon me?”

“Oh! wound not my agonising soul!” said Hippolita; “thou never couldst

offend me—Alas! she faints! help! help!”

“I would say something more,” said Matilda, struggling, “but it cannot

be—Isabella—Theodore—for my sake—Oh!—” she expired.

Isabella and her women tore Hippolita from the corse; but Theodore

threatened destruction to all who attempted to remove him from it. He

printed a thousand kisses on her clay-cold hands, and uttered every

expression that despairing love could dictate.

Isabella, in the meantime, was accompanying the afflicted Hippolita to

her apartment; but, in the middle of the court, they were met

by Manfred,  
who, distracted with his own thoughts, and anxious once more  
to behold  
his daughter, was advancing to the chamber where she lay. As  
the moon  
was now at its height, he read in the countenances of this  
unhappy  
company the event he dreaded.

“What! is she dead?” cried he in wild confusion. A clap of  
thunder at  
that instant shook the castle to its foundations; the earth  
rocked, and  
the clank of more than mortal armour was heard behind.  
Frederic and  
Jerome thought the last day was at hand. The latter, forcing  
Theodore  
along with them, rushed into the court. The moment Theodore  
appeared,  
the walls of the castle behind Manfred were thrown down with a  
mighty  
force, and the form of Alfonso, dilated to an immense  
magnitude, appeared  
in the centre of the ruins.

“Behold in Theodore the true heir of Alfonso!” said the  
vision: And  
having pronounced those words, accompanied by a clap of  
thunder, it  
ascended solemnly towards heaven, where the clouds parting  
asunder, the  
form of St. Nicholas was seen, and receiving Alfonso’s shade,  
they were  
soon wrapt from mortal eyes in a blaze of glory.

The beholders fell prostrate on their faces, acknowledging the  
divine  
will. The first that broke silence was Hippolita.

“My Lord,” said she to the desponding Manfred, “behold the vanity of human greatness! Conrad is gone! Matilda is no more! In Theodore we view the true Prince of Otranto. By what miracle he is so I know not—suffice it to us, our doom is pronounced! shall we not, can we but dedicate the few deplorable hours we have to live, in deprecating the further wrath of heaven? heaven ejects us—whither can we fly, but to yon holy cells that yet offer us a retreat.”

“Thou guiltless but unhappy woman! unhappy by my crimes!” replied Manfred, “my heart at last is open to thy devout admonitions. Oh! could—but it cannot be—ye are lost in wonder—let me at last do justice on myself! To heap shame on my own head is all the satisfaction I have left to offer to offended heaven. My story has drawn down these judgments: Let my confession atone—but, ah! what can atone for usurpation and a murdered child? a child murdered in a consecrated place? List, sirs, and may this bloody record be a warning to future tyrants!”

“Alfonso, ye all know, died in the Holy Land—ye would interrupt me; ye would say he came not fairly to his end—it is most true—why else this bitter cup which Manfred must drink to the dregs. Ricardo, my grandfather, was his chamberlain—I would draw a veil over my ancestor’s

crimes—but it is in vain! Alfonso died by poison. A fictitious will declared Ricardo his heir. His crimes pursued him—yet he lost no Conrad, no Matilda! I pay the price of usurpation for all! A storm overtook him. Haunted by his guilt he vowed to St. Nicholas to found a church and two convents, if he lived to reach Otranto. The sacrifice was accepted: the saint appeared to him in a dream, and promised that Ricardo's posterity should reign in Otranto until the rightful owner should be grown too large to inhabit the castle, and as long as issue male from Ricardo's loins should remain to enjoy it—alas! alas! nor male nor female, except myself, remains of all his wretched race! I have done—the woes of these three days speak the rest. How this young man can be Alfonso's heir I know not—yet I do not doubt it. His are these dominions; I resign them—yet I knew not Alfonso had an heir—I question not the will of heaven—poverty and prayer must fill up the woeful space, until Manfred shall be summoned to Ricardo.”

“What remains is my part to declare,” said Jerome. “When Alfonso set sail for the Holy Land he was driven by a storm to the coast of Sicily. The other vessel, which bore Ricardo and his train, as your Lordship must have heard, was separated from him.”

“It is most true,” said Manfred; “and the title you give me is more than an outcast can claim—well! be it so—proceed.”

Jerome blushed, and continued. “For three months Lord Alfonso was wind-bound in Sicily. There he became enamoured of a fair virgin named Victoria. He was too pious to tempt her to forbidden pleasures. They were married. Yet deeming this amour incongruous with the holy vow of arms by which he was bound, he determined to conceal their nuptials until his return from the Crusade, when he purposed to seek and acknowledge her for his lawful wife. He left her pregnant. During his absence she was delivered of a daughter. But scarce had she felt a mother’s pangs ere she heard the fatal rumour of her Lord’s death, and the succession of Ricardo. What could a friendless, helpless woman do? Would her testimony avail?—yet, my lord, I have an authentic writing—”

“It needs not,” said Manfred; “the horrors of these days, the vision we have but now seen, all corroborate thy evidence beyond a thousand parchments. Matilda’s death and my expulsion—”

“Be composed, my Lord,” said Hippolita; “this holy man did not mean to recall your griefs.” Jerome proceeded.

“I shall not dwell on what is needless. The daughter of which Victoria was delivered, was at her maturity bestowed in marriage on me.

Victoria

died; and the secret remained locked in my breast. Theodore's narrative has told the rest."

The Friar ceased. The disconsolate company retired to the remaining part of the castle. In the morning Manfred signed his abdication of the principality, with the approbation of Hippolita, and each took on them the habit of religion in the neighbouring convents. Frederic offered his daughter to the new Prince, which Hippolita's tenderness for Isabella concurred to promote. But Theodore's grief was too fresh to admit the thought of another love; and it was not until after frequent discourses with Isabella of his dear Matilda, that he was persuaded he could know no happiness but in the society of one with whom he could for ever indulge the melancholy that had taken possession of his soul.

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